

Course Structure & Syllabus

(w.e.f. Session 2022-23)

Master of Technology (Remote Sensing)

SPECIALISATIONS OFFERED:

I. Earth Resources

II. Environment & Climate



DEPARTMENT OF REMOTE SENSING
BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY

Mesra, Ranchi- 835215

Jharkhand, INDIA

2022

Institute Vision

To become a Globally Recognized Academic Institution in consonance with the social, economic and ecological environment, striving continuously for excellence in education, research and technological service to the National needs.

Institute Mission

- To educate students at Undergraduate, Post Graduate Doctoral and Post-Doctoral levels to perform challenging engineering and managerial jobs in industry.
- To provide excellent research and development facilities to take up Ph.D. programmes and research projects.
- To develop effective teaching and learning skills and state of art research potential of the faculty.
- To build national capabilities in technology, education and research in emerging areas.
- To provide excellent technological services to satisfy the requirements of the industry and overall academic needs of society.

Department Vision

Be a centre of excellence in the field of Geospatial Technology education and research in the areas of Earth Resources, Environment & Climate to meet the needs of ever increasing requirement of human resources in these fields and to cater to the larger interest of the Society and Nation.

Department Mission

- Impart quality education and equip the students with strong foundation that could make them capable of handling challenges of the ever advancing geo-spatial technologies.
- Maintain state-of-the-art in research and outreach facilities in phase with the premier institutions for sustained improvement in the quality of education and research.

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)	Programme Outcomes (POs)
1. To prepare the students in identifying, analysing and solving geospatial problems.	1. An ability to independently carry out research/ investigation and development work to solve real life geospatial problems.
2. To train the students in developing practical and executable solutions to the challenges of growing field of Remote Sensing and GIS.	2. An ability to write and present a substantial technical report/document and publish international level research articles.
3. To impart the students with strong base of knowledge that makes them suitable both for industries as well as for teaching and research.	3. Students should be able to demonstrate a degree of mastery over the areas of Remote Sensing and GIS technology. The mastery should be at a level higher than the requirements in the appropriate bachelor program.
4. To inculcate the students with the sensitivity towards ethics, public policies and their responsibilities towards the society.	4. An ability to share theoretical and practical knowledge in both teaching and research as well as in industries.
	5. An ability to apply professional ethics, accountability and equity.

M.Tech. (Remote Sensing)**PROGRAMME SCHEME - SEMESTER WISE DISTRIBUTION**

S. No	Semester	Course Category	Credits	Total
1	FIRST	3 Programme Core (PC)	9	21.5
		1 Programme Elective (PE)	3	
		5 LABS (4 PC + 1 PE)	9.5	
2	SECOND	3 Programme Core (PC)	9	19.5
		1 Programme Elective (PE)	3	
		4 LABS (3 PC + 1 PE)	7.5	
3	THIRD	Research Project - Thesis (Part – I)	8	14
		1 Open Elective (OE-I)/ MOOC	3	
		1 Open Elective (OE-II)/ MOOC	3	
4	FOURTH	Research Project - Thesis (Part – II)	16	16
TOTAL				71

PROGRAMME CORE (PC) for both i. EARTH RESOURCES ii. ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE (offered in MO session only)

S. No	Course Code	Course Title	Pre requisites / Co requisites	Credits
1	RS 501	Principles of Remote Sensing and Digital Satellite Image Processing	Basic Physics/Science Computer Knowledge	3
2	RS 502R2	Geographic Information System and Satellite Navigation System	Basic Sciences/ Basic Computing	3
3	RS 511	Aerial and Satellite Photogrammetry & Image Interpretation	RS 501	3
4	RS 503	Remote Sensing and Digital Satellite Image Processing Laboratory	RS 501	2
5	RS 504	GIS &Satellite Navigation System Laboratory	RS 502R2	2
6	RS 513	Aerial and Satellite Photogrammetry & Image Interpretation Laboratory	RS 511	2
7	MT 132	Communication Skills I		1.5

PROGRAMME CORE (PC) FOR EARTH RESOURCES (offered in SP session only)

S. No	Course Code	Course Title	Pre requisites / Co requisites	Credits
1	RS 512R1	Advanced Remote Sensing and Geospatial Modelling	RS 501, RS 502R2	3
2	RS 521	Data Sources, Statistics and Research Methods in Geospatial Domain	RS 501, RS 502R2	3
3	RS 522	Programming concepts for spatial data handling	RS 501, RS 502R2	3
4	RS 514	Advance Remote Sensing and Geospatial Modelling Laboratory	RS 512	2
5	RS 515R1	Programming and Customisation in geospatial domain Laboratory	RS 501, RS 502R2	2
6	MT 133	Communication Skills II		1.5

PROGRAMME CORE (PC) FOR ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE (offered in SP session only)

S. No	Course Code	Course Title	Pre requisites / Co requisites	Credits
1	RS 523	Physical Meteorology	RS 501, RS 502R2	3
2	RS 521	Data Sources, Statistics and Research Methods in Geospatial Domain	RS 501, RS 502R2	3
3	RS 522	Programming concepts for spatial data handling	RS 501, RS 502R2	3
4	RS 525	Meteorological Laboratory	RS 512	2
5	RS 515R1	Programming and Customisation in geospatial domain Laboratory	RS 501, RS 502R2	2
6	MT 133	Communication Skills II		1.5

PROGRAMME ELECTIVE (PE) (Theory & Laboratory)

S. No	Course Code	Course Title	Pre requisites / Co requisites	Credits
EARTH RESOURCES: MO SESSION 'GROUP-A'				
1	RS 505	Remote Sensing in Agriculture & Forestry	RS 501 & RS 502R2.	3
2	RS 507	Remote Sensing in Hydrology & Water Resources		3
3	RS 508	Remote Sensing in Agriculture & Forestry Laboratory	RS 503, RS 504 & RS 505	2
4	RS 510	Remote Sensing in Hydrology & Water Resources Laboratory	RS 503, RS 504 & RS 507	2
ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE: MO SESSION 'GROUP-A'				
1	RS 517	Remote Sensing in Climate Change and Environmental Impact Assessment	RS 501 & RS 502R2.	3
2	RS 519	Remote Sensing in Climate Change and Environmental Impact Assessment Laboratory	RS 503, RS 504 & RS 506	2
EARTH RESOURCES: SP SESSION 'GROUP-B'				
1	RS 516	Remote Sensing in Snow and Glacier Hydrology	RS 501, RS 502R2	3
2	RS 506	Remote Sensing in Disaster Management	RS 501 & RS 502R2	3
3	RS 518	Remote Sensing in Snow and Glacier Hydrology Laboratory	RS 503, RS 504 & RS 516	2
4	RS 509	Remote Sensing in Disaster Management Laboratory	RS 503, RS 504 & RS 517	2
ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE: SP SESSION 'GROUP-B'				
1	RS 524	Dynamic Meteorology	RS 501, RS 502R2	3
2	RS 526	Numerical Modelling Laboratory	RS 501 & RS 502R2	2
3	RS 527	Remote Sensing of Environment	RS 503, RS 504 & RS 516	3
4	RS 528	Remote Sensing of Environment Laboratory	RS 503, RS 504 & RS 517	2

Students should complete *Programme Electives* and *Open electives* as per the semester-wise **course structure** below:

COURSE STRUCTURE**SEMESTER – I (BOTH FOR I. EARTH RESOURCES & II. ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE)**

SEMESTER-I	Course Category	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credit
	PC	RS 501	Principles of Remote Sensing and Digital Satellite Image Processing	3	0	0	3
		RS 502R2	Geographic Information System and Satellite Navigation System	3	0	0	3
		RS 511	Aerial and Satellite Photogrammetry & Image Interpretation	3	0	0	3
		RS 503	Remote Sensing and Digital Satellite Image Processing Laboratory	0	0	4	2
		RS 504	Geographic Information System&Satellite Navigation SystemLaboratory	0	0	4	2
		RS 513	Aerial and Satellite Photogrammetry & Image Interpretation Laboratory	0	0	4	2
		MT 132	Communication Skills I	0	0	3	1.5
	PE	RS *	ELECTIVE – I	3	0	0	3
RS *		ELECTIVE – I Laboratory	0	0	4	2	
Total Credits (1 st Semester)							21.5

SEMESTER – II EARTH RESOURCES

SEMESTER-II	Course Category	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credit
	PC	RS 512	Advanced Remote Sensing and Geospatial Modelling	3	0	0	3
		RS 521	Data Sources, Statistics and Research Methods in Geospatial Domain	3	0	0	3
		RS 522	Programming concepts for spatial data handling	3	0	0	3
		RS 514	Advanced Remote Sensing and Geospatial Modelling Laboratory	0	0	4	2
		RS 515R1	Programming and Customisation in geospatial domain Laboratory	0	0	4	2
		MT 133	Communication Skills II	0	0	3	1.5
	PE	RS *	ELECTIVE – II	3	0	0	3
		RS *	ELECTIVE – II Laboratory	0	0	4	2
Total Credits (2 nd Semester)							19.5

SEMESTER – II ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE

SEMESTER-II	Course Category	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credit
	PC	RS 523	Physical Meteorology	3	0	0	3
		RS 521	Data Sources, Statistics and Research Methods in Geospatial Domain	3	0	0	3
		RS 522	Programming concepts for spatial data handling	3	0	0	3
		RS 525	Meteorological Laboratory	0	0	4	2
		RS 515R1	Programming and Customisation in geospatial domain Laboratory	0	0	4	2
		MT 133	Communication Skills II	0	0	3	1.5

PE	RS *	ELECTIVE – II	3	0	0	3
	RS *	ELECTIVE – II Laboratory	0	0	4	2
Total Credits (2ndSemester)						19.5

SEMESTER – III

SEMESTER-III	Course Category	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credit
	PC	RS 601	Thesis (Part – I)				8
	OE⁺	OPEN ELECTIVE / MOOC		3	0	0	3
	OE⁺	OPEN ELECTIVE / MOOC		3	0	0	3
Total Credits (3rdSemester)							14

SEMESTER – IV

SEMESTER-IV	Course Category	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credit
	PC	RS 604	Thesis (Part – II)				16
Total Credits (4thSemester)							16

TOTAL (41+30) = 71 credits***PROGRAM ELECTIVES:****‘GROUP - A’ MO SESSION**

Semester-I EARTH RESOURCE

Course No.**Course Title**

RS 505	Remote Sensing in Agriculture & Forestry
RS 507	Remote Sensing in Hydrology & Water Resources
RS 508	Remote Sensing in Agriculture & Forestry Laboratory
RS 510	Remote Sensing in Hydrology & Water Resources Laboratory

Semester-I ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE

RS 517	Remote Sensing in Climate Change and Environmental Impact Assessment
RS 519	Remote Sensing in Climate Change and Environmental Impact Assessment Laboratory

‘GROUP - B’ SP SESSION

Semester- II EARTH RESOURCES

RS 516	Remote Sensing in Snow and Glacier Hydrology
RS 506	Remote Sensing in Disaster Management
RS 518	Remote Sensing in Snow and Glacier Hydrology Laboratory
RS 509	Remote Sensing in Disaster Management Laboratory

Semester- II ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE

RS 524	Dynamic Meteorology
RS 526	Numerical Modelling Laboratory
RS 527	Remote Sensing of Environment
RS 528	Remote Sensing of Environment Laboratory

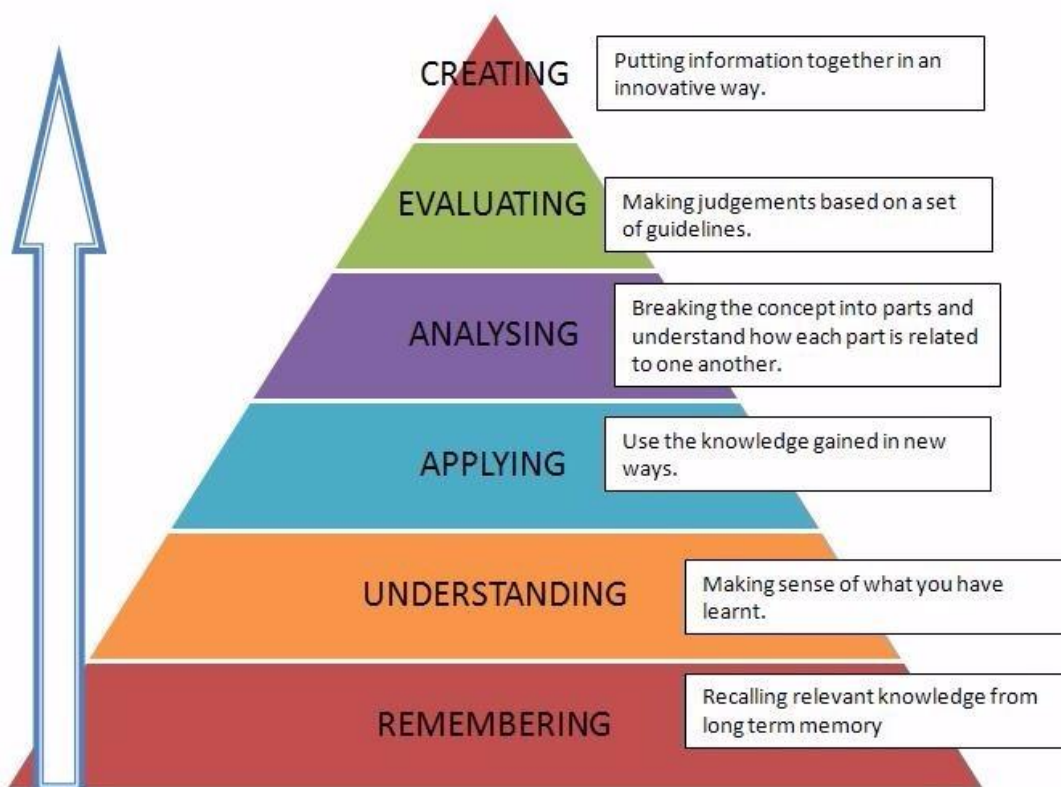
Thesis (Part – I) Semester III – Focus on Problem definition, Literature Review, Data Collection, Objectives and Research Questions Formulation and Detailed Work Plan, and partial fulfillment of initial objectives.

Thesis (Part – II) Semester IV – Focus on systematic execution of work plan, data processing, analysis, interpretation, inferences and fulfillment of objectives and research questions, and report preparation, and finally leading to a research publication in peer reviewed journals.

OE⁺ - OPEN ELECTIVE /MOOC – To be opted as offered by other Departments/ SWAYAM or NPTEL

BLOOM'S TAXONOMY FOR CURRICULUM DESIGN AND ASSESSMENT:*Preamble*

The design of curriculum and assessment is based on Bloom's Taxonomy. A comprehensive guideline for using Bloom's Taxonomy is given below for reference.



SEMESTER I : PROGRAMME CORE
EARTH RESOURCES / ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE

Course code: RS 501

Course title: PRINCIPLES OF REMOTE SENSING & DIGITAL SATELLITE IMAGE PROCESSING

Pre-requisite(s): Basic Physics/Science

Co- requisite(s): Computer Knowledge

Credits: L: T: P: C:
 3 0 0 3

Class schedule per week: 3

Class: M. TECH

Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)

Branch: REMOTE SENSING

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course aims to:

1.	Disseminate basic concepts and applications of Electromagnetic Spectrum in Remote Sensing, Energy Balance and Data acquisition platforms, sensors and their characteristics
2.	Enhance student's knowledge about optical, thermal and microwaves based Remote Sensing and Applications for solving real life problems
3.	Introduce students to digital image processing tools and techniques.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Explain physical principles and sensing process in remote sensing.
CO2	Explain different type of sensors (optical, microwave, thermal and LIDAR) and their characteristics.
CO3	Describe preprocessing requirements and discuss various Digital Image Processing techniques.
CO4	Rationalise statistical outlook of satellite images and different classification approaches with respect to diverse applications.
CO5	Apply the knowledge of remote sensing in various thematic studies

MODULE 1: BASIC CONCEPTS

Remote Sensing: History, Development, Definition, Concept & Principles, Electromagnetic Radiation (EMR) and Its Characteristics, Wavelength Regions and their Significance, Interaction of EMR with Atmosphere and Earth's Surface: Absorption, Reflectance and Scattering, Atmospheric Windows, Energy Balance Equation, Spectral Response and Spectral Signature, Spectral, Spatial, Temporal and Radiometric resolutions.

MODULE 2: DATA ACQUISITION

Platform: Balloon, Rocket, Helicopter, Aircraft and Spacecraft, Aerial vs. Satellite Remote Sensing, Satellites and their Specifications: LANDSAT, SPOT, ENVISAT, RADARSAT, IRS, IKONOS, Sensors and their Specifications: MSS, TM, LISS(I,II,III,IV), PAN, WiFS, AWiFS, MODIS, Weather & Communication Satellites.

MODULE 3: OPTICAL, THERMAL AND MICROWAVE REMOTE SENSING

Imaging and Non-Imaging, Active and Passive, Multispectral, Superspectral and Hyperspectral Sensors, Electro-Optical Systems, Opto-Mechanical Scanners, Infrared Scanners, Scatterometer, Thermal Properties of Terrain, Thermal IR Environmental Considerations, Thermal Infrared and Thermal Scanners, Microwave Remote sensing concepts: Backscattering, Range Direction, Azimuth Direction, Incident Angle, Depression Angle, Polarization, Dielectric Properties, Surface Roughness and Interpretation, Speckle and Its Reduction, Applications of optical, thermal and microwave remote sensing.

MODULE 4: IMAGE ENHANCEMENT AND FILTERING TECHNIQUES

Concepts about digital image and its characteristics, Sources of image degradation - Image restoration and Noise Abatement, Radiometric and Geometric correction technique, linear and non linear transformation for geometric corrections, Look-up Tables (LUT) and Types of image displays and FCC, Radiometric enhancement techniques, Spatial enhancement techniques, Contrast stretching: Linear and non-linear methods, Low Pass Filtering: Image smoothing, High Pass Filtering: Edge enhancement and Edge detection, Gradient filters, Directional and non-directional filtering.

MODULE 5: PATTERN RECOGNITION

Concept of Pattern Recognition, Multi-spectral pattern recognition, Spectral discrimination, Signature bank, Parametric and Non-Parametric classifiers, Unsupervised classification methods. Supervised classification techniques, Limitations of standard classifiers.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Joseph, George and Jeganathan, C. (2017). "Fundamentals of Remote Sensing", 3rd Edition, Universities press (India) Pvt. Ltd., Hyderabad.
2. Jensen, J.R. (2006). "Remote Sensing of the Environment – An Earth Resources Perspective", Pearson Education, Inc. (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd., Indian edition, Delhi.
3. Jensen, J.R. (1996). Introductory Digital Image Processing A remote sensing perspective. Prentice Hall Series in GIS, USA
4. Lillesand, Thomas M. and Kiefer, Ralph, W. (2007). "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation", 4th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Sabins, F.F. Jr. (2007). "Remote Sensing – Principles and Interpretation", W.H. Freeman & Co.
2. Reeves, Robert G. (1991), "Manual of Remote Sensing, Vol. I, American Society of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing, Falls Church, Virginia, USA

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	2	1	3	3	
CO2	2	1	3	3	
CO3	2	1	3	3	1
CO4	3	1	3	3	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO5	CD1,CD2,CD3,CD4,CD5, CD6

Course code: RS 502R2**Course title: GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM AND SATELLITE NAVIGATION SYSTEMS****Pre-requisite(s): Basic Sciences****Co- requisite(s): Basic Computing**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to:

1.	Introduce the students to the basic concepts of GIS and making the students familiar with the spatial data and spatial analysis techniques
2.	Introduce the satellite based positioning system, concept of geodesy and augmentation systems
3.	Impart concepts about reference surfaces (Datum), coordinate transformation models and surveying methods.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Describe various GIS and Navigation tools and techniques within spatial analytical framework and handle spatial and non-spatial database.
CO2	Carry out spatial data analysis to solve natural, environmental and societal problems and challenges.
CO3	Explain various datums, coordinate systems, Differential positioning concepts
CO4	Explain various surveying concepts and techniques
CO5	Elucidate integrated geospatial techniques and apply them in solving real world problems

MODULE 1: BASIC CONCEPTS OF GIS

Definition, Philosophy & Historical evolution of GIS, Spatial vs. non-spatial data, Components of GIS, Spatial data models – Raster and Vector; advantages & disadvantages, Raster Data & its Representation: Data Structure & File format, Data Compression (block code, chain code, run length code, quadtree, MrSID), Vector data representation: Data Structure & File format, Topology, Advantage of DBMS in Context of GIS, Relational and Object Oriented DBMS.

MODULE 2: DATA INPUT AND GEO-CORRECTION

Sources of Spatial Data (Raster and Vector), Data Acquisition Through Scanners and on-screen Digitisation, Projections, Geometric Transformations of Raster and Vector Data (Affine Transformation and Transformation Coefficients), RMS Error, Types of Co-ordinate Systems,

Spheroid and Datums, Sources of Errors, Spatial Data Quality: Accuracy, Precision, Error and uncertainty.

MODULE 3: SPATIAL ANALYSIS AND VISUALIZATION

Spatial Analysis: Definition, Steps and classification, Raster Data Analysis Tools – Local, Focal, Zonal and Global, Vector Data Analysis – Buffering, Distance Measurements, Analyzing Geographic Relationship, Overlay Analysis, Quantifying Change, Spatial Interpolation: Introduction, DEM Generation Surface Representation & Analysis, Network Analysis, Linkage Between Spatial and Non-Spatial Data, Basics of Geodatabase Model, Difference between 2D, 2.5D, 3D and 4D GIS, Current issues and trends in GIS.

MODULE 4: SATELLITE POSITIONING SYSTEM - AN OVERVIEW

Introduction to Global Navigation Positioning System, Various Global/Regional Satellite constellations, NAVSTAR GPS signals, Geopositioning - Basic Concepts, Pseudo Range Measurement, Phase Difference Measurement, Sources of GNSS errors, DOP, Geoid, Datum/Ellipsoid - definition and basic concepts, Global Datum vs. Indian Geodetic Datum, Coordinate Systems, Transformation of coordinates, GNSS Remote Sensing.

MODULE 5: POSITIONING AUGMENTATION AND GNSS APPLICATIONS

Differential positioning concept, Various Differential survey Methods, Data Processing, Augmentation Systems (GAGAN, WAAS, LAAS, etc.). Various levels, Levelling methods, Compass, Theodolite and Total Station and their uses, Tachometer, Trigonometric levelling, Traversing, Triangulation and Trilateration

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Burrough, Peter A. and Rachael McDonnell (1998). 'Principles of Geographical Information Systems' Oxford University Press, New York.
2. George Joseph & C. Jeganathan (2018). Fundamentals of Remote Sensing 3rd edition, Universities Press, India.
3. C.P.Lo and Albert K.W.Yeung (2006). Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems. Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
4. Kang-tsung Chang (2007). Introduction to Geographic Information Systems, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
5. Satheesh Gopi (2005). Global Positioning System: Principles and Applications. McGraw Hill Publishers.
6. N. Madhu, R. Sathikumar, Satheesh Gopi (2006). Advanced Surveying: Total Station, GIS and Remote Sensing, Pearson India Publisher.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Magwire, D. J., Goodchild, M.F. and Rhind, D. M. (2005). Geographical Information Systems: Principles and Applications', Longman Group, U.K.
2. Paul Longley, Michael Goodchild, David Maguire and David Rhind (2005). Geographical Information Systems. Principles, Techniques, Applications and Management. John Wiley & Sons.
3. Laurini, Robert and Derek Thompson (1992). Fundamentals of Spatial Information Systems. Academic Pr., London
4. Kluwer Fotheringham A S, O'Kelly M E. (1998). Spatial Interaction Models: Formulations and Applications.
5. Thanappan Subash (2011). Geographical Information System, Lambert Academic Publishing.

6. John E. Harmon & Steven J. Anderson (2003). The design and implementation of Geographic Information Systems, John Wiley & Sons,.
7. ArcGIS 10.1 Manuals, 2016.
8. N.K.Agrawal (2004). Essentials of GPS, Spatial Network Pvt. Ltd
9. Leica. A. (2003). GPS Satellite Surveying, John Wiley & Sons. New York
10. Terry-Karen Steede (2002). Integrating GIS and the Global Positioning System, ESRI Press
11. Hofmann W.B & Lichtenegger, H. Collins (2001). Global Positioning System – Theory and Practice, Springer-Verlag Wein, New York,.
12. Gunter Seeber (2003). Satellite Geodesy Foundations-Methods and Applications, Gruyter, Walter de GmbH.

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
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Course Delivery Methods

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MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	2	1	3	3	2
CO2	3	2	1	2	2
CO3	2		3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	1

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD4, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6

Course code: RS 511**Course title: AERIAL AND SATELLITE PHOTOGRAMMETRY & IMAGE INTERPRETATION****Pre-requisite(s): Student must have the knowledge of Remote Sensing, GIS & GNSS****Co-requisite(s): Basic understanding of various satellite data**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the students:

1.	Learn fundamental aspects of Aerial Photogrammetry, Satellite/Aerial Photo interpretation and its applications in various thematic domains.
2.	Learn analogue and digital based approaches in photogrammetry.
3.	Understand the recent developments and role of satellite and UAV in terrain modelling and mapping.

Course Outcomes (COs):

On completion of this course, students should be able to :

CO1	Explain the historic developments in the field of Photogrammetry, and image interpretation concepts.
CO2	Carry out planimetric measurements and principles with reference to Aerial and Satellite High Resolution Images.
CO3	Explain the Analytical aspects of Photogrammetric technique.
CO4	Justify the need for orthophotos and satellite based photogrammetry and explain the modern digital photogrammetric approaches using satellite, GPS.
CO5	Explain the role of UAV in terrain mapping and apply photogrammetric principles.

MODULE 1: ENVIRONMENTAL MAPPING & INTERPRETATION

Importance of Image Interpretation, Image interpretation for delineation of lithology (Rocks), minerals and their characteristics, Geological structures - Folds, Faults and Joints and their field characteristics, Various important land forms, Image characteristics of geological structures and major land forms, Visual and Digital Satellite Image Interpretation, Elements of image interpretation, development of interpretation keys, Image interpretation for LU/LC and Vegetation mapping, Image interpretation for ocean and coastal monitoring.

MODULE 2: GEOMETRY OF AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHS

Need for Photogrammetry, Historical developments in Photogrammetry, Fundamental concepts and Importance of flight planning, End Lap, Side Lap, Scale, Ground Coverage, Weather Conditions, Purpose, Flying Height, Projection, Tilt, Swing, Scale, Image Displacement due to relief, due to lens distortion, due to tilt, Parallax, stereoscopic depth perception, overlaps in stereo pairs, principles of floating marks, Parallax bar and types, measurement of absolute and

differential parallax, Parallax height measurement, correction to measure parallaxes – contouring from stereometric heights. Types of photographs, Vertical and Tilted photographs.

MODULE 3: ANALYTICAL PHOTOGRAMMETRY

Co-ordinate system, air base components, degree of freedom, Elements of interior and exterior orientation of an aerial photographs, Numerical Derivations for Height based on relief displacement, coordinates, parallax, Orientation Procedures, Coordinate Transformation concepts, Epi-polar Geometry, Photo-triangulation: Pass-points for Aerotriangulation, semi-analytical aero-triangulation, analytical aero-triangulation, bundle adjustment with GNSS, Aero-triangulation with Satellite images, strategies for aero-triangulation.

MODULE 4: DIGITAL PHOTOGRAMMETRY

Analogue to Digital conversion, Image measurements, colour balancing, Image matching, Feature extraction- points, lines and regions, Planimetric Measurements, GCPs and Ortho-Rectification, Ortho-photographs, Digital Terrain Model derivation from Satellite images, Limitations, quality checks and interactive control.

MODULE 5: TERRAIN MODELING WITH UAV

Digital Photogrammetric Images from UAV and associated concepts, UAV flight planning, coverage types, processing methods. Recent trends in its application, automated aerial triangulation: concepts, solutions, analysis, Photogrammetry work-stations, review of available software.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Wolf, P.R. (2000). Elements of Photogrammetry with Applications in GIS, McGraw Hill Ins, Singapore.
2. Rampal, K.K. (2004). Textbook of Photogrammetry, John-Wiley & Sons.
3. Moffit, F.M. (1980). Photogrammetry, International Text Book Co.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. McGlone J.C. (2013). Manual of Photogrammetry. 6th edition. American Society for Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing.
2. Drury, S.A. (2004). "Image Interpretation in Geology, Publisher: - Chapman and Hall, London, UK.
3. Panday, S.N. (1987). Principles and Application of Photogeology, Parentice Hall Inc.
4. Ray, R. (2012). An Introduction to photogrammetry, MITRAM publications, Kolkata. ISBN:978-93-80036-41-0.
5. Beginners Guide to UAV: <https://www.digitaltrends.com/opinion/start-serious-drone-habit/>

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION **PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1		1	2	3	1
CO2	3	1	3	3	2
CO3			3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	1
CO5	3	1	3	3	2

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6

SEMESTER II: PROGRAMME CORE
EARTH RESOURCES

Course code: RS 512

Course title: ADVANCED REMOTE SENSING AND GEOSPATIAL MODELLING

Pre-requisite(s): (i) Basic knowledge of Remote Sensing, GIS, and GNSS

(ii) Student must have undergone RS 501 and RS 502

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: L: T: P: C:
 3 0 0 3

Class schedule per week: 3

Class: M. TECH

Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)

Branch: REMOTE SENSING

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course aims to make the students:

1.	Understand Thermal, Microwave and Hyperspectral Remote Sensing techniques and its application areas.
2.	Learn advanced pattern and process modelling techniques associated with spatial problems.
3.	Realize the importance of uncertainty and errors associated with various spatial processes, and to quantify those errors.
4.	Learn techniques of Time Series Analysis and Web GIS.

Course Outcomes (COs):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Describe various advanced RS & GIS tools and techniques within spatial analytical framework to solve natural, environmental and societal problems and challenges.
CO2	Relate backscattering signals from different surfaces to physical processes, and understand SAR processing techniques.
CO3	Make use of thermal and hyperspectral data for real world applications (analysing Urban Heat Island problem, estimation of surface composition, forest species identification etc.).
CO4	Utilise sampling concepts, point pattern analysis, time-series analysis for various real life problems and associated uncertainty and errors.
CO5	Explain WebGIS concepts and able to use various scripting languages, web tools in implementing GIS functions on web.

MODULE 1: ADVANCES IN THERMAL AND MICROWAVE REMOTE SENSING

Determination of Emissivity and Land surface Temperature (LST) using thermal band, Microwave sensor technology, platforms and data types, Basic and advanced processing techniques such as InSAR, differential InSAR or polarimetric InSAR, Applications of active and passive microwave remote sensing data in areas of geology, hydrology, agriculture and environmental sciences, etc., Application of LST in analysing Urban Heat Island effect, coalfire extent, energy balance, etc.

MODULE 2: HYPERSPECTRAL AND LASER REMOTE SENSING

Basic principle of hyperspectral image creation and spectral radiometry concepts, Processing and information extraction techniques in hyperspectral images, Spectral mixture analysis, feature extraction, classification and spectral library creation, Applications of hyperspectral remote sensing, Physics of Lidar and its application.

MODULE 3: SPATIAL PATTERNS, PROCESSES AND UNCERTAINTY MODELLING

Kriging and Spatial Autocorrelation, Points and Pattern Analysis: Nearest Neighbour Analysis, Quadrat Analysis, Poisson Processes, Uncertainty, Spatial resolution induced error, Positional Uncertainty, Attributed Uncertainty, Error Propagation Analysis, Taylor Series Approximation.

MODULE 4: GEO-SPATIAL MODELLING AND TIMESERIES ANALYSIS

SDSS, General Suitability & Multicriteria Modelling, AHP, Logistic modelling, Geographically Weighted Regression, Land Cover Change Modelling, Markov Chain Modelling, Advantages and difficulties in Time-series satellite data, Time-Composite Techniques, Temporal Smoothing Techniques - Fourier, Double Logistic, Gaussian, Seasonal Trend, Information Extraction Algorithms, Applications from Time-series.

MODULE 5: WEB GIS

Roles of Clients & Servers, Basics of web GIS, Architecture, Datawarehouse and geospatial web services, OGC, Open source and proprietary web-based scripting and mapping environments, KML, GeoJSON, and other formats for drawing vector data in the browser, Application Programming Interfaces (APIs), GeoServer, NSDI, Census GIS, BHUVAN, Crowd Sourcing.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Floyd M. Henderson et.al.(1998). Imaging Radar (Manual of Remote Sensing, Volume 2) 3rd Edition , Wiley.
2. Dale A. Quattrochi et.al. (2004). Thermal Remote Sensing in Land Surface Processing.CRC Press.
3. Marcus Borengasser et.al. (2007). Hyperspectral Remote Sensing: Principles and Applications ,CRC Press.
4. Mitchell, Andy (2012). The Esri Guide to GIS Analysis, Volume 3: Modeling Suitability, Movement, and Interaction. Redlands, CA, Esri Press.
5. Yue-hong Chou (1997). Exploring Spatial Analysis in Geographical Information System. Onword Press. Thomson Learning.
6. Devillers, R. and Jeansoulin, R. (2006). Fundamentals of Spatial Data Quality. ISTE Ltd., USA.

REFERENCE MATERIALS:

1. ArcGIS Resource Center Web APIs, <http://resources.arcgis.com/content/web/web-apis>
2. ArcGIS JavaScript APIs, <http://help.arcgis.com/en/webapi/javascript/arcgis/>
3. ArcGIS JavaScript API Samples, <https://developers.arcgis.com/en/javascript/jssamples/>
4. Parker, D.C., Manson, S.M., Janssen, A., Hoffmann, M. and Deadman, P. (2003). Multi-agent systems for the simulation of land use and land cover change. A Review. Annals of the Association of American Geographer, 93(2).
5. Parker, D.C. (2005). Integration of GIS and Agent-based Models of Land use: Challenges and Prospects in D.J. Maguire, M.F. Goodchild, and M. Batty, eds. GIS, Spatial Analysis and Modelling. ESRI Press, Redlands, CA

6. Goodchild et. al. (1996). GIS and Environmental Modeling: Progress and Research Issues. GIS world, Inc.
7. Berners-Lee, T. (1996). The world wide web: past, present and future. Cambridge, MA: Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Laboratory for Computer Science. <http://www.w3.org/People/Berners-Lee/1996/ppf.html>.
8. Jones, C. B., and R.S. Purves (2008). Web-based GIS. In The Handbook of Geographical Information Science, eds. J. P. Wilson and A. S. Fotheringham, 559-580. Oxford: WileyBlackwell.
9. Sheather, S. (2009). Spatial Modelling Principles in Earth Sciences. Springer.
10. Maguire, Batty, & Goodchild (2005). GIS, Spatial Analysis, and Modeling. ESRI Press.
11. ArcGIS Resource Center Web APIs, <http://resources.arcgis.com/content/web/web-apis>
12. ArcGIS JavaScript APIs, <http://help.arcgis.com/en/webapi/javascript/arcgis/>
13. ArcGIS JavaScript API Samples, <https://developers.arcgis.com/en/javascript/jssamples/>

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	1	2	3	3

CO2	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	3		2	3	3
CO4	3	1	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	1

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6

Course code: RS 522**Course title: PROGRAMMING CONCEPTS FOR SPATIAL DATA HANDLING****Pre-requisite(s): (i) Knowledge of Basic Sciences****(ii) Student must have undergone RS 501, RS 502****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Course Objectives:**

This course aims to:

1.	Enhance the student's understanding about the basic programming languages C
2.	Make the student learn concepts of R and Python
3.	Make the student learn the spatial data handling through R, Python, MATLAB and Google Earth Engine

Course Objectives:

This course aims to:

1.	Enhance the student's understanding of logic development and its transformation into programs
2.	Make the student learn to solving complex problems through R and Python
3.	Utilize programming to solve problems of various application areas of Earth Science.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	To Develop algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems in C
CO2	Handle Spatial data in R
CO3	Make use of Python for deployment of programs to process spatial data
CO4	Utilise MATLAB tools for digital image processing
CO5	Make computations using Images & Image Collections in Google Earth Engine

MODULE 1: - BASICS OF C PROGRAMMING

Syntax, and constructs of C; variables, assignment, declarations, expressions, statements, input/output, conditionals, branching, iteration. Arrays, pointers, static and dynamic structures, dynamic allocation, file structures. Functions and recursion: Parameter passing in a function, procedure call, call by value and reference, function prototypes; recursion; library functions, static functions.

MODULE 2: - CONCEPTS OF R

Introduction and Overview of R, Data Types - R Objects and Attributes, Vectors and Lists, Matrices, Factors, Missing Values, Data Frames, Names Attribute, Reading Tabular Data, Reading Large Tables, Textual Data Formats, Connections: Interfaces to the Outside World, Subletting - Basics, Lists, Matrices, Partial Matching, Removing Missing Values, Vectorized Operations, Control Structures, Functions, Scoping Rules, Coding Standards, Loop Functions, Debugging Tools, and Simulation, Problem solving with spatial data

MODULE 3: - CONCEPTS OF PYTHON

DEPARTMENT OF REMOTE SENSING, BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA

Introduction to Python, Basics of Python Syntax, Data Types of Python, Basic Operations of Python, Functions, Modules, and Packages of Python, Extension: Building a Python Environment, conditions, range, Loops, break, continue, and else in Loops, Self-defined Functions, Recursion, Scope of Variable, Standard Library Functions, Exceptions, Handling spatial data with Python

MODULE 4: - MATLAB

Introduction to MATLAB, MATLAB Functions, Graphics with MATLAB, Programming with MATLAB, Mathematical Computing with MATLAB, Elements of Digital Image Processing, Digital Image Basics, Image Enhancement Techniques, Multiband Image Processing and Feature Detection and Extraction, Image Classification Techniques and Visual interpretation of Multispectral Data.

MODULE 5: - GOOGLE EARTH ENGINE FOR GEOSPATIAL APPLICATIONS

Introduction to JavaScript for Earth Engine, Basic JavaScript data types, Earth Engine Objects and Methods, Functional Programming Concepts, Introduction to the Earth Engine JavaScript API, Visualizing Images and Image Bands, Computations using Images, Image Collections, Compositing, Masking, and Mosaicking, NDVI, mapping a Function over a Collection, Quality Mosaicking, Exporting Charts and Images, Case Studies using Global Forest Change and Global Surface Water (GSW) datasets.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B. W. Kernighan and D. M. Ritchie: The 'C' Programming Language.
2. Mark Lutz: Learning Python
3. Hadley Wickham, Garrett Grolemund: R for Data Science
4. Mikhailov, Eugeny E: Programming with MATLAB for Scientists: A Beginner's Introduction
5. Lalit Kumar, Onesimo Mutanga: Google Earth Engine Applications

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. B. Gottfried: Programming in C.
2. Wes McKinney: Python for Data Analysis
3. Colin Gillespie, Robin Lovelace: Efficient R Programming
4. Stormy Attaway: Matlab A Practical Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION **PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	1	1	3	-
CO2	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	3		2	3	3
CO4	3	1	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	1

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6

Course code: RS 521

Course title: DATA SOURCES, STATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODS IN GEOSPATIAL DOMAIN**Pre-requisite(s): Knowledge of statistics****Co- requisite(s): Knowledge of RS & GIS**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M.Tech****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: Remote Sensing****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the students:

1.	Learn about various geo-spatial data providers at global and national level.
2.	Understand various steps and important components involved in project management, field report preparation, and sampling statistics.
3.	Gain knowledge about importance of quality, ethics, and different research methods being used in the geo-spatial domain.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1.	Explain the formulation of various schemes in Geoinformatics domain
CO2.	Write Project reports and project proposals
CO3.	Apply research methods quantitatively and qualitatively
CO4.	Use the National/Global standards of research

MODULE 1: GEO-SPATIAL RESEARCH & DATA SOURCES

Geo-spatial Research Problems. National and International Projects: Past and Recent, Different types of Geo-spatial data requirement, USGS Global Visualization Viewer (GloVis), NASA Earth Observation (NEO), USGS Earth Explorer, ESA's Sentinel data, NOAA, IPMUS Terra, LANCE, VITO Vision, Bhuvan, MOSDAC, India-WRIS, Identification of problems at regional and Local level.

MODULE 2: FIELD AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

Need for Field Visit and Preparation of field reports, Research proposal, Literature review, Project/Report Writing, Components of Research Thesis/Project Report, Project Administrator and project management, Classification of Projects/thesis, Problems and opportunities in Projects.

MODULE 3: SAMPLING AND STATISTICS

Statistical Concepts: Population, Sample, Random, Bias, Percentile, Standard Score, Distribution, Correlation, Regression (logistic, linear), Analysis of variance, Need for sampling, types of sampling, sample size estimation and accuracy evaluation. Hypotheses and its testing, chi-square test, t-test, Calculation and Evaluation of Confidence Intervals.

MODULE 4: METHODS IN GEOINFORMATICS

Types of Research Methods: Quantitative and Qualitative, Research Techniques and Tools: Questionnaire, Interview, Observation, etc., Analytical methods in Geoinformatics, Different models in various Natural Resources Monitoring.

MODULE 5: TOOLS, QUALITY AND ETHICS

Tools & Methods: Project Communications and Presentation, Intellectual property Right, Plagiarism and associated softwares, Evaluating Quality of Research paper/journal: Citation Index, Impact Factor, National/Global standards, SCI, SCOPUS, etc., Referencing/Citation methods, Reference management software.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Deborah Rumsey (2003). Statistics for Dummies, Wiley Publishing, Inc., New Jersey.
2. Huxold, W.E. and Levinsohn A.G. (1995). Managing Geographic Information Projects. Oxford University Press, New York.
3. Earickson, R. and Harlin, J. (1994). Geographic Measurement & Quantitative Analysis, Macmillan, New York

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bennet P. Lientz & Kathryn P., (2001) Project Management for the 21st Century Academic Press, California.
2. Miguel Roig (2015). Avoiding plagiarism, self-plagiarism, and other questionable writing practices: A guide to ethical writing. (<https://ori.lhs.gov/sites/default/files/plagiarism.pdf>)

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1			2	3	
CO2	2	3			3
CO3	3	2		2	1
CO4	3	3		2	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD4, CD6

SEMESTER II: PROGRAMME CORE **ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE**

Course code: RS 523**Course title: PHYSICAL METEOROLOGY****Pre-requisite(s): (i) Knowledge of Basic Sciences
(ii) RS 501 and RS 502****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the students:

1.	Learn basic concepts of Atmospheric Phenomenon
2.	Understand Thermodynamic energy and its role in weather
3.	Learn the radiative balance and its importance
4.	Acquire the knowledge of clouds and importance of Indian Monsoon

Course Outcomes (CO): On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Explain atmospheric processes in depth
CO2	Demonstrate the understanding of the importance of vertical thermal structure and related weather phenomenon
CO3	Explain the cloud formation
CO4	Demonstrate the understanding of the unequal heating and the relation with Indian monsoon
CO5	Explain understanding of Global perspective of Indian monsoon

MODULE 1: ELEMENTARY CONCEPTS OF ATMOSPHERIC SCIENCES:

Structure of the atmosphere and its composition, pressure and its variation with height, variation of temperature with height, Equation of state for dry and moist air, Adiabatic and Isothermal Processes, Humidity Parameters, Virtual Temperature, Standard Atmosphere. Atmospheric Boundary Layer Structure and evolution, turbulence etc.

MODULE 2: ATMOSPHERIC THERMODYNAMICS:-

Laws of thermodynamics, Entropy, Potential Temperature, Pseudo- adiabatic Process, Equivalent Temperature, Equivalent Potential Temperature, Clausius – Clapeyron Equation, Stability and Instability, Thermodynamic Diagram: T - gram, Uses of thermodynamic diagrams, Precipitable Water Vapor, Rate of Precipitation, Role of Convective Available Potential Energy (CAPE) and Convective Inhibition Energy (CINE) in thunderstorm development. Dew, Frost, Fog, Clouds, Precipitation, Airmass, Fronts, Tornado, Cyclones, Dust Storm.

MODULE 3: RADIATIVE TRANSFER IN THE ATMOSPHERE-

The fundamental physics of radiation: solar and terrestrial radiation, radiation laws; absorption, emission and scattering in the atmosphere, Schwarzschild's equation; Radiation in the earth-atmosphere system:

Geographical and seasonal distribution, Radiative heating and cooling of the atmosphere, Surface energy budget, The mean annual heat balance.

MODULE 4: WEATHER AND CLIMATE:-

Definition of weather and climate, physical factors of climate, earth-sun relationship, ecliptic and equatorial plane, rotation of the earth, seasons, climatic controls. Climatic classification: methods of Koppen and Thornthwaite. Microclimate- basic concepts. Indian climatology: Climate zones of India; pressure, wind, temperature and rainfall distribution during the four seasons. Cloud types; cloud formation; cloud dynamics, homogeneous and heterogeneous nucleation; CCN, fundamental equations governing cloud processes

MODULE 5: INDIAN MONSOONS:-

Land and sea breezes – Definition of monsoon – Synoptic features of southwest monsoon and north east monsoon, Global perspective of monsoons, ITCZ over Indian Ocean - Structure and movement, Intraseasonal oscillation, Interannual and decadal time scales, Atmospheric -Ocean surface patterns of Southern Oscillation, El-Nino, La Nina, ENSO, Indian Ocean dipole mode, Walker circulation, Hadley circulation, Tropical Biennial Oscillation. Tropical cyclones: Formation, movement, life cycle.

TEXT BOOKS:-

1. Atmospheric Science: An Introductory Survey: J.M Wallace and P.V. Hobbs, 2nd edition, Academic Press, 2006
2. Introduction to Theoretical Meteorology by S.L. Hess.

REFERENCE BOOKS:-

1. An Introduction to Atmospheric radiation: K.N. Liou 2nd edition Academic Press, 2002
2. Dynamic and Physical Meteorology by G.L. Haltiner and F.L. Martin, Mc Graw Hill.
3. The Physics of the Atmosphere by Houghton
4. The Physics of Monsoons R.N. Keshava Murthy and M.Shankar Rao, Allied Publishers, 1992.

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

DEPARTMENT OF REMOTE SENSING, BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1		1	2	3	1
CO2	3	1	3	3	2
CO3			3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	1
CO5	3	1	3	3	2

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6

Course code: RS 521

Course title: DATA SOURCES, STATISTICS AND RESEARCH METHODS IN GEOSPATIAL DOMAIN**Pre-requisite(s): Knowledge of statistics****Co- requisite(s): Knowledge of RS & GIS**

Credits: L: T: P: C:
 3 0 0 3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M.Tech****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: Remote Sensing****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the students:

1.	Learn about various geo-spatial data providers at global and national level.
2.	Understand various steps and important components involved in project management, field report preparation, and sampling statistics.
3.	Gain knowledge about importance of quality, ethics, and different research methods being used in the geo-spatial domain.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1.	Explain the formulation of various schemes in Geoinformatics domain
CO2.	Write Project reports and project proposals
CO3.	Apply research methods quantitatively and qualitatively
CO4.	Use the National/Global standards of research

MODULE 1: GEO-SPATIAL RESEARCH & DATA SOURCES

Geo-spatial Research Problems. National and International Projects: Past and Recent, Different types of Geo-spatial data requirement, USGS Global Visualization Viewer (GloVis), NASA Earth Observation (NEO), USGS Earth Explorer, ESA's Sentinel data, NOAA, IPMUS Terra, LANCE, VITO Vision, Bhuvan, MOSDAC, India-WRIS, Identification of problems at regional and Local level.

MODULE 2: FIELD AND PROJECT REQUIREMENTS

Need for Field Visit and Preparation of field reports, Research proposal, Literature review, Project/Report Writing, Components of Research Thesis/Project Report, Project Administrator and project management, Classification of Projects/thesis, Problems and opportunities in Projects.

MODULE 3: SAMPLING AND STATISTICS

Statistical Concepts: Population, Sample, Random, Bias, Percentile, Standard Score, Distribution, Correlation, Regression (logistic, linear), Analysis of variance, Need for sampling, types of sampling, sample size estimation and accuracy evaluation. Hypotheses and its testing, chi-square test, t-test, Calculation and Evaluation of Confidence Intervals.

MODULE 4: METHODS IN GEOINFORMATICS

Types of Research Methods: Quantitative and Qualitative, Research Techniques and Tools: Questionnaire, Interview, Observation, etc., Analytical methods in Geoinformatics, Different models in various Natural Resources Monitoring.

MODULE 5: TOOLS, QUALITY AND ETHICS

Tools & Methods: Project Communications and Presentation, Intellectual property Right, Plagiarism and associated softwares, Evaluating Quality of Research paper/journal: Citation Index, Impact Factor, National/Global standards, SCI, SCOPUS, etc., Referencing/Citation methods, Reference management software.

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2. Huxold, W.E. and Levinsohn A.G. (1995). Managing Geographic Information Projects. Oxford University Press, New York.
3. Earickson, R. and Harlin, J. (1994). Geographic Measurement & Quantitative Analysis, Macmillan, New York

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bennet P. Lientz & Kathryn P., (2001) Project Management for the 21st Century Academic Press, California.
2. Miguel Roig (2015). Avoiding plagiarism, self-plagiarism, and other questionable writing practices: A guide to ethical writing.
(<https://ori.hhs.gov/sites/default/files/plagiarism.pdf>)

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
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CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1			2	3	
CO2	2	3			3
CO3	3	2		2	1
CO4	3	3		2	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD4, CD6

Course code: RS 522**Course title: PROGRAMMING CONCEPTS FOR SPATIAL DATA HANDLING****Pre-requisite(s): (i) Knowledge of Basic Sciences****(ii) Student must have undergone RS 501, RS 502****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Course Objectives:**

This course aims to:

1.	Enhance the student's understanding of logic development and its transformation into programs
2.	Make the student learn to solving complex problems through R and Python
3.	Utilize programming to solve problems of various application areas of Earth Science.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	To Develop algorithms for arithmetic and logical problems in C
CO2	Handle Spatial data in R
CO3	Make use of Python for deployment of programs to process spatial data
CO4	Utilise MATLAB tools for digital image processing
CO5	Make computations using Images & Image Collections in Google Earth Engine

MODULE 1: - BASICS OF C PROGRAMMING

Syntax, and constructs of C; variables, assignment, declarations, expressions, statements, input/output, conditionals, branching, iteration. Arrays, pointers, static and dynamic structures, dynamic allocation, file structures. Functions and recursion: Parameter passing in a function, procedure call, call by value and reference, function prototypes; recursion; library functions, static functions.

MODULE 2: - CONCEPTS OF R

Introduction and Overview of R, Data Types - R Objects and Attributes, Vectors and Lists, Matrices, Factors, Missing Values, Data Frames, Names Attribute, Reading Tabular Data, Reading Large Tables, Textual Data Formats, Connections: Interfaces to the Outside World, Subletting - Basics, Lists, Matrices, Partial Matching, Removing Missing Values, Vectorized Operations, Control Structures, Functions, Scoping Rules, Coding Standards, Loop Functions, Debugging Tools, and Simulation, Problem solving with spatial data

MODULE 3: - CONCEPTS OF PYTHON

Introduction to Python, Basics of Python Syntax, Data Types of Python, Basic Operations of Python, Functions, Modules, and Packages of Python, Extension: Building a Python Environment, conditions, range, Loops, break, continue, and else in Loops, Self-defined Functions, Recursion, Scope of Variable, Standard Library Functions, Exceptions, Handling spatial data with Python

MODULE 4: - MATLAB

Introduction to MATLAB, MATLAB Functions, Graphics with MATLAB, Programming with MATLAB, Mathematical Computing with MATLAB, Elements of Digital Image Processing, Digital Image Basics, Image Enhancement Techniques, Multiband Image Processing and Feature Detection and Extraction, Image Classification Techniques and Visual interpretation of Multispectral Data.

MODULE 5: - GOOGLE EARTH ENGINE FOR GEOSPATIAL APPLICATIONS

Introduction to JavaScript for Earth Engine, Basic JavaScript data types, Earth Engine Objects and Methods, Functional Programming Concepts, Introduction to the Earth Engine JavaScript API, Visualizing Images and Image Bands, Computations using Images, Image Collections, Compositing, Masking, and Mosaicking, NDVI, mapping a Function over a Collection, Quality Mosaicking, Exporting Charts and Images, Case Studies using Global Forest Change and Global Surface Water (GSW) datasets.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B. W. Kernighan and D. M. Ritchie: The 'C' Programming Language.
2. Mark Lutz: Learning Python
3. Hadley Wickham, Garrett Grolemund: R for Data Science
4. Mikhailov, Eugeny E: Programming with MATLAB for Scientists: A Beginner's Introduction
5. Lalit Kumar, Onesimo Mutanga: Google Earth Engine Applications

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. B. Gottfried: Programming in C.
2. Wes McKinney: Python for Data Analysis
3. Colin Gillespie, Robin Lovelace: Efficient R Programming
4. Stormy Attaway: Matlab A Practical Introduction to Programming and Problem Solving

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	1	1	3	-
CO2	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	3		2	3	3
CO4	3	1	2	3	3
CO5	2	2	3	3	1

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6

SEMESTER I: PROGRAMME ELECTIVES

EARTH RESOURCES

Course code: RS 505

Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY

**Pre-requisite(s): (i) Knowledge of Basic Sciences
(ii) Computer Knowledge**

Co- requisite(s):

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3

Class: M. TECH

Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)

Branch: REMOTE SENSING

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course aims to:

1.	Enhance the student's understanding about role of remote sensing for agriculture and forestry applications.
2.	Make the student assess various situations of agriculture damages and land degradation, and to detect and quantify those problems using remote sensing.
3.	Learn various forestry, ecological and wildlife related concepts, and to use remote sensing in those fields.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Map and quantify various agricultural features, yield, and identify the difference between healthy crop and affected crop using remote sensing data.
CO2	Identify and visually interpret various land features and its degradation on the satellite imagery and importance of secondary data in the field of agriculture.
CO3	Able to identify different types of forests features and associated problems (such as forest fire, degradation, deforestation etc) with the help of satellite data.
CO4	Able to model landscape ecological metrics, anthropogenic disturbances and wildlife site suitability using RS&GIS.

MODULE 1: INTRODUCTION

Spectral Properties of Vegetation: Natural and Man-made, Crop Yield and Acreage Estimation, Discriminate Analysis, Agricultural Applications: Sensor Requirements.

MODULE 2: DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

Plant Stress, Disease and Change Detection, Various Vegetation and Climatic Indices for Drought Damage assessment and Monitoring, Pest Control and Monitoring, Salt Affected land Mapping and Monitoring. Land degradation (water logging, salinization, erosion) assessment using RS & GIS.

MODULE 3: LAND USE/LAND COVER

MODULE 4: FORESTRY CONCEPTS

Conventional/Recent Remote Sensing Classification and Forest Inventory, Climatic, Altitudinal and Topographical Zones and Vegetation Relation, Forest Types Classification and Retrieval of Biophysical Parameters, Sensor Requirements, Landscape Ecology Concepts.

MODULE 5: VISUAL AND DIGITAL ANALYSIS:

Forest Cover, Canopy Density, Biomass Assessment, Forest Fire and Burnt Area Identification, Indian Forest Fire Alarm, Geospatial Modelling of Forest Fire Risk Zones, Sustainable Management, Criteria & Indicators based Decision Framework. Wildlife and Landscape Relationship, Habitat Assessment and Suitability Modelling, Disturbance Index and Analysis.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Nicolas Baghdadi and Mehrez Zribi (2016). Land Surface Remote Sensing in Agriculture and Forest, ISTE Press and Elsevier, UK. ISBN:978-1-78548-103-1
2. Roy, P.S., Dwivedi, and Vijayan, D. (2010). Remote Sensing Applications. NRSC, ISRO, Hyderabad. ISBN 978-81-909460-0-1.
3. NDMA (2010). National Disaster Management Guidelines: Management of Drought. A publication of National Disaster Management Authority Government of India, New Delhi. ISBN: 978-93-80440-08-8
4. Fortin, M.S. and Dale, M. (2005). Spatial Analysis for Ecologist, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. ISBN- 9780521804345.

REFERENCE MATERIALS:

1. Boyd, D.S. and Danson, F.M. (2005). Satellite remote sensing of forest resources: Three decades of research development. Prog. Phys.Geogr., 29, 1-26.
2. Kogan, F.N. (2001). Operational Space Technology for Global Vegetation Assessment. Bulletin of the American Meteorological Society, 82:1949-1964.
3. Thornthwaite, C.W. (1948). An Approach toward a rational classification of climate, Geographical Review, 21: 633-655.
4. Sinha, A.K. (1986). Spectral Reflectance characteristics of Soils and its correlation with soils properties and surface conditions, Journal of Indian Society of Remote Sensing, 14(1), 1-9.
5. Nagendra, H. and Gadgil, M. (1999). Satellite imagery as a tool for monitoring species diversity: An assessment, Journal of Applied Ecology, 36: 388-397.
6. Muller, D. and Ellenberg, D.H. (1974). Aims and Methods of Vegetation Ecology, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
7. Franklin, S.E. (2001). Remote Sensing for Sustainable Forest Management, Lewis Publishers, Washington, D.C.
8. Behera, M.D. and Roy, P.S. (2002). Lidar Remote Sensing for Forestry Applications: The Indian Context, Current Science, 83(11):1320-1327.
9. Delcourt H.R. and Delcourt, P.A. (1988), Quaternary Landscape Ecology: Relevant Scales in Space and Time, Landscape Ecology, 2: 23-44.
10. Farina, A. (2008). Principles and Methods in Landscape Ecology, Chapman & Hall Publication, London. ISBN – 9780412730405.
11. Digby, P.G.N. and Kempton, R.A. (1996). Multivariate Analysis of Ecological Communities. Chapman & Hall Publication. London. ISBN – 0412246406.

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	2	2	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD5, CD6

Course code: RS 507

Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN HYDROLOGY & WATER RESOURCES

Pre-requisite(s): (i) Knowledge of Basic Sciences

(ii) Student must have computer knowledge**Co- requisite(s):**

Credits: **L:** **T:** **P:** **C:**
 3 **0** **0** **3**

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to:

A.	Introduce students about hydrologic cycle, Precipitation, Aquifer & Aquifer coefficients, ground water movement and understand the data required for various hydrological studies.
B.	Make them understand river basin and watershed concepts, parameters and management strategies.
C.	Disseminate knowledge about water resource estimation, evaluation, and modelling.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Describe hydrologic cycle, data requirement for hydrological studies and characterise aquifers and ground water movement.
CO2	Evaluate basins and drainages to infer surface and near surface characteristics of the area.
CO3	Describe ground water regimes of India and determine water quality and ground water prospects zones with the use of satellite data.
CO4	Design suitable watershed management strategy by characterising watersheds for sustainable development of water resources including site suitability analysis for water recharge structures and reservoir sediment estimation.
CO5	Estimate and model surface runoff, flood, drought, snowmelt runoff and soil erosion .

MODULE 1: BASIC CONCEPTS

Hydrologic cycle, Forms of precipitation, Precipitation measurement - conventional vs satellite data based, Data for hydrological studies. Aquifers, Geological materials as aquifers and Aquifer parameters - Porosity, Specific yield, Storage coefficient. Ground water movement - Darcy's Law, Permeability, Hydraulic Conductivity, Transmissivity.

MODULE 2: GROUND-WATER EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION

Ground water regimes in India, Geophysical techniques for groundwater prospecting. Remote sensing in hydro-geomorphology and ground water prospect mapping, Remote sensing in water quality mapping and monitoring.

MODULE 3: RIVER BASINS

Classification of streams and rivers, Drainage pattern, Delineation of Drainage basin and catchment, Interlinking of river basins. Remote sensing based site selection for river valley projects.

MODULE 4: WATERSHED MANAGEMENT

Watershed characterization using remote sensing, Morphometric parameters and analysis, Watershed problems and management strategy. Ground water recharge structures and their site suitability analysis.

MODULE 5: OPERATIONAL APPLICATIONS IN WATER RESOURCES

Satellite image based surface runoff modeling, Flood and drought- mapping and modeling, Reservoir sediment estimation, Snow and Glacier Hydrology, Snowmelt runoff modeling, Soil erosion modeling.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Murthy, J. V. S. (1994). Watershed Management in India. Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
2. David Keith Todd (2005). Groundwater Hydrology, John Wiley & Sons, New York, Second Edition.
3. H. M. Raghunath (2000). Hydrology- principles, Analysis, Design, New Age International, New Delhi.
4. P. Singh, Vijay P. Singh (2000). "Snow and Glacier Hydrology".

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. P. Singh (2001). "Snow and Glacier Hydrology", Springer.
2. Schultz, G. A. and Engman, E. T. (2000). Remote Sensing in Hydrology and Water Management, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Germany.

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	3	1	3	3	2
CO2	3	1	2	3	2
CO3	3		3	3	3
CO4	3	1	3	3	3
CO5	3	2	3	3	2

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD5, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD5, CD6

SEMESTER I: PROGRAMME ELECTIVES
ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE

Course code: RS 517

Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN CLIMATE CHANGE AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Pre-requisite(s): (i) Knowledge of Basic Sciences
(ii) Student must have undergone RS 501, RS 502

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: L: T: P: C:
 3 0 0 3

Class schedule per week: 3

Class: M. TECH

Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)

Branch: REMOTE SENSING

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course aims to:

1.	Enhance student's understanding about climatic system of earth and its changes over time.
2.	Teach the fundamental concepts about global warming, climatic dependence of various ecosystems (agriculture, forest and glaciers) and associated mapping methods using remote sensing.
3.	Disseminate information about various global initiatives, environmental impact assessment methods and modelling using remote sensing and GIS.

Course Outcomes (Cos):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Understand and explain the differences between weather and climate, local to global climatic variations, and Elnino vs Lanino.
CO2	Quantify relationship between ecosystems (forest, agriculture and glacier) and rainfall, temperature, and map/model the impact of global warming on these systems using RS & GIS.
CO3	Able to identify/map different types of surface waterbodies, glaciers, and drought impact from satellite imageries.
CO4	Describe global policies and EIA methods, and link them with local, regional and national developmental initiatives and generate report.

MODULE 1: INTRODUCTION TO WEATHER AND CLIMATE

Fundamentals of Weather and Climate; Greenhouse effect and Global Warming; Local, Regional, Continental and global weather Pattern; Global bio-geo-Climatic conditions; Weather variations and associated effects - Elnino, LaNino, Southern Oscillation, Drought and Flood Scenario; Mapping weather parameters with a focus on rainfall, temperature and wind. Remote Sensing missions for weather monitoring.

MODULE 2: AGRICULTURE, FOREST AND CLIMATE

Vegetation growth rhythm and climatic interaction; Food security, Drought monitoring and forecast; Weather dependence of Agriculture; Climate change impact on agriculture economy. Carbon accounting with climate change scenario; Time-Series Satellite data; space-time dynamics; Phenology of Vegetation; Global changes in phenology; Droughts in Amazon and monitoring mechanism; Forest Fire and climate change.

MODULE 3: SNOW, GLACIER WATER AND CLIMATE

Surface water mapping and monitoring; snow cover mapping; snowmelt runoff forecasting; Glaciers Inventory; Glacial Mass Balance and Glacial retreat with changing climate.

MODULE 4: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT

Scope of EIA; EIA Methods and Mitigation; Criteria and Indicators; Certification; Ecological, Economical and Demographic impact assessment.

MODULE 5: GLOBAL POLICIES

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC); Kyoto Protocol; Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC); Reducing Emissions from Deforestation and forest Degradation (REDD); Convention of Biological Diversity (CBD); Committee on World Food Security.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Roy, P.S., Dwivedi, R.S., and Vijayan, D. (2010). Book on Remote Sensing Applications. National Remote Sensing Centre, ISRO, Hyderabad. ISBN: 9788190946001.
2. FAO (2011). Climate Change, Water and Food Security. Compiled by Hugh Turrall, Jacob Burke and Jean-Marc Faures, Rome. ISBN: 9789251067956
3. Morris, P. and Therivel, R. (2001). Methods of Environmental Impact Assessment, 2nd edition, Spon Press, London (2008 reprint).
4. Thenkabail, P.S., J.G. Lyon, H. Turrall and C. Biradar (2009). Remote Sensing of Croplands for Food Security. 476p. CRC Press. Taylor and Francis, New York. ISBN 978-1-4200-9009-3.

REFERENCE MATERIALS:

1. ECA (Economics of Climate Adaptation) (2009). Shaping climate resilient development: a framework for decision making. ClimateWorks Foundation, Global Environment Facility, European Commission, McKinsey & Company, The Rockefeller Foundation, Standard Chartered Bank and Swiss Re. 164pp.
2. FAO (2015). Booklet on FAO's work on Climate Change. Job Number 15165.
3. FAO (2016). Planning, implementing and evaluating Climate-Smart Agriculture in Smallholder Farming Systems. Job Number 15805. Report under Mitigation of Climate Change in Agriculture (MICCA) Programme of FAO. ISBN: 978925109305.
4. IPCC (2014). IPCC Assessment Report. UNFCCC.
5. Kulkarni, A., I.M. Bahuguna, B.P. Rathore, S.K. Singh, S.S. Randhawa, R.K. Sood and S. Dhar (2007). Glacial retreat in Himalaya using Indian Remote Sensing satellite data. Current Science, Vol. 92, No. 1.
6. Lal, M., T. Nozawa, S. Emori, H. Harasawa, K. Taka, A. Abe-Ouchi, T. Nakajima, T. Takemura and A. Numaguti (2001). Future climate change: Implications for Indian summer monsoon and its variability. Current Science, Vol. 81, No. 9, 10.
7. Milly, P.C.D., R.T. Wetherald, K.A. Dunne and T.L. Delworth (2002). Increasing risk of great floods in a changing climate. Nature Vol 415: 514–517.

8. Rees, H.G. and D.N. Collins (2006). Regional differences in response of flow in glacier-fed Himalayan rivers to climatic warming. *Hydrological Processes*, 20 (10). 2157–2169. 10.5002/hyp.6209.
9. Schmidhuber, J. and F. Tubiello (2007). Global food security under climate change. *PNAS* 104 (50) 19703–19708.
10. Tubiello, F. and G. Fischer (2007). Reducing climate change impacts on agriculture: Global and regional effects of mitigation, 2000–2080 *Technological Forecasting & Social Change* 74 1030–1056.
11. USDA (ed Walsh, M) (2008). *The Effects of Climate Change on Agriculture, Land Resources, Water Resources, and Biodiversity in the United States*. U.S. Climate Change Science Program Synthesis and Assessment Product 4.3.
12. WWF (2005). *An Overview of Glaciers, Glacier Retreat, and Subsequent Impacts in Nepal, India and China*. Kathmandu. Nepal.
13. World Bank (2010). *Economics of Adaptation to Climate Change: Synthesis Report*. Washington DC. 100pp.
14. World Bank (2009b). *Water and Climate Change: Impacts on groundwater resources and adaptation options*. Water Unit Energy, Transport, and Water Department. Washington DC. 98pp.

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	1	2	3	2
CO2	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3
CO4	1	3	1	3	2

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD5, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD3, CD5, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD4, CD6

SEMESTER II: PROGRAMME ELECTIVES

EARTH RESOURCES**Course code: RS 506****Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT****Pre-requisite(s): (i) Knowledge of Basic Sciences****(ii) Computer Knowledge****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to:

1.	Impart basic concepts of disaster, its causes and its historical background
2.	Enhance student's knowledge about disaster management planning
3.	Make the students learn Geoinformatics approaches to deal with disaster risk reduction and management.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Explain various types of disasters and responsible factors.
CO2	Interpret and discriminate different stages of disaster management planning and utility of geomatics tools in every stage.
CO3	Understand administrative structure of disaster management in India.
CO4	Understand the ethical and humanitarian values.
CO5	Apply integrated geospatial techniques in disaster management and disaster risk reduction.

MODULE 1: INTRODUCTION

Natural and human induced disasters, Fundamental concept of Disaster Management, Various natural disasters and their characterization: Cyclones, Floods, Earth quakes, land subsidence and Landslides, Forest fires, Droughts. Disasters and National losses, Historical perspective of disasters in India. Existing organizational structure for managing disasters in India, NGOs and people participation in disaster management.

MODULE 2: RS & GIS FOR HAZARD, RISK AND DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

Hazard evaluation – Zonation – Risk assessment and vulnerability, Damage assessment – Land use planning and regulation for sustainable development, Potential of GIS application in disaster mapping – Disaster management plan.

MODULE 3: LONG TERM MITIGATION MEASURES

Needs and approach towards prevention, principles and components of mitigation, Disaster legislation and policy – Insurance – Cost effective analysis – Utilisation of resource, Training – Education – Public awareness – Role of media.

MODULE 4: DISASTER MANAGEMENT PLANNING

Spatial and non-spatial data bank creation, Natural disaster management plans, Shelterbelts, Special structures, Disaster preparedness and Mitigation. Information needs of Disaster management, Operational emergency management – Vulnerability analysis of infrastructures, Settlements and population, Pre-disaster and post disaster planning for relief operations, Satellite communications during disasters: networks, use of Internets, Warning system - rehabilitation - Post disaster review, Global Disaster Alert and Coordination System.

MODULE 5: DISASTER MODELING AND CASE STUDIES

Known/Generic Models in managing various disasters, Earthquakes in India, Tsunami Impact Assessment, Floods in Indo Gangetic plains, Landslides in Himalayan region, Drought in Indian plateau regions, Glacial lake outburst floods.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Roy, P.S. (2000). Natural Disaster and their mitigation. Published by Indian Institute of Remote Sensing (IIRS).
2. Sdidmore, A. (2002). Environmental Modeling with GIS and Remote Sensing, Taylor & Francis.
3. Anji Reddy, M. (2004) Geoinformatics for environmental Management. B. S. Publication.
4. Murthy, D.B.N. (2008) - Disaster Management - Deep & Deep Publication.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bhattacharya, Tushar (2012). Disaster Science and Management, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt. Ltd. ISBN-10: 1259061302; ISBN-13: 978-1259061301
2. UN (2015). Disasters without borders United Nations Publications Sales No: E15.II.F.13, ISBN: 978-92-1-120699-9
3. Gupta, H. K. (2012). Disaster Management, Universities press India , e-ISBN 9788173718663
4. Hyndman, Donald and Hyndman, David (2018). Natural Hazards and Disasters, ISBN - 13:0538737524
5. Pandey, Mrinalini (2014). Disaster Management, Willey India Pvt.Ltd ISBN 10: 8126549246 / ISBN 13: 9788126549245
6. Shukla, Shailesh, and Hussain, Shamna (2013) Biodiversity, Environment and Disaster Management Unique Publications, ISBN: 9788183577670, 8183577679
7. Babar, Md. (2007). Environmental Changes and Natural Disasters, New India Publishing Agency.
8. A. Orhan, R. Backhaus, P. Boccoardo, S. Zlatanova (2010). Geoinformation for Disaster and Risk Management Examples and Best Practices, Joint Board of Geospatial Information Societies and United Nations Office for Outer Space Affairs, Denmark.
9. Liu Y. & Baas S. (2001). Strengthening pastoral institutions in North-West China pastoral area to access improved extension services for risk management and poverty alleviation. (www.fao.org/sd/2001/IN0601_en.htm).
10. Swift, J. & Baas, S. (2003). Managing Pastoral Risk in Mongolia - A Plan of Action. ProjectTCP/FAO/MON0066.FAO.Rome. (available at www.fao.org/docrep/009/ah828e/ah828e00.htm).
11. Tearfund (2005). Mainstreaming disaster risk reduction: a tool for development organisations by S. La Trobe and I. Davis. Teddington, Middlesex. UN/ISDR. 2004.

12. UN/ISDR. (2004). Living with Risk: A global review of disaster reduction initiatives. 2004 Version, Volume II Annexes. Geneva.
13. ESRI (2006). GIS and Emergency Management in Indian Ocean Earthquake/Tsunami

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	2	2	3	3
CO2	3	2	3	3	3
CO3	2		2	2	2
CO4	3				3
CO5	3	3	2	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD5, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD5, CD6

Course code: RS 516**Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN SNOW AND GLACIER HYDROLOGY****Pre-requisite(s): (i) Knowledge of Basic Sciences****(ii) Student must have undergone RS 501, RS 502****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to:

1.	Teach the concepts and role of Snow and Glacier components of the Cryosphere.
2.	Make the student understand periglacial and hydrological implications of glaciers using remote sensing.
3.	Make students learn various global initiatives and techniques of snowmelt-runoff modelling using remote geospatial techniques.

Course Outcomes (Cos)

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Explain differences between snow and glaciers, types of glaciers and glacial landforms and its formation.
CO2	Identify and visually interpret snow and glacier extent on the satellite images and analyse in terms of changes, and quantify relationship between glacial geomorphology and glacier hydrology.
CO3	Able to measure depth of snow cover, snow water equivalent and snow response to microwave.
CO4	Describe implications of snowmelt models including inferences on their efficacy to describe global climate change phenomena and able to generate report.

MODULE 1: GLACIAL GEOMORPHOLOGY

Ice and related phenomenon, Types of glaciers, Movement of glaciers, Erosional work of glaciers, Transportation and depositional work of glaciers, Glacier depositional landforms, Glacio-fluvial deposits and landforms, Glacial geomorphic cycle. Meaning and concept of Periglacial climate, Periglacial areas, Permafrost, Mechanism of Periglacial processes, Genetic classification of Periglacial landforms, Periglacial cycle of erosion

MODULE 2: HYDROLOGICAL ASPECTS OF GLACIERS

Classification of glaciers and its mapping using Satellite Data, Inventory of glaciers, Spatial characteristics of a glacier, Mass balance of a glacier and its measurement, Depth of a glacier and its measurement.

MODULE 3: SPATIAL SNOW, ICE AND GLACIERS

Scope and importance of snow and glaciers, Properties of snow and ice - Thermal and Optical, Water Inventory, snow and ice on the earth - snow covered areas on the Globe, the records of glacier retreat and advancement in centuries with spatial distribution

MODULE 4: MEASUREMENT OF DEPTH, WATER EQUIVALENT AND AREA OF SNOW COVER

Depth of snow cover, Snow cover water equivalent, Areal extent of snow cover, satellite sensors for snow related studies, Microwave response of snow, Metamorphism of snow

MODULE 5: REMOTE SENSING BASED SNOWMELT ESTIMATION, SNOWMELT RUNOFF MODELING AND FORECASTING

Remote Sensing in estimating Snowmelt indices, Comparison of energy balance and index approach, Observed maximum snowmelt rates, Modeling of snowmelt runoff, Storage potential, Time delay in runoff generation, Forecasting of snowmelt runoff, Simulation accuracy. Snowmelt Runoff Model SRM, Precipitation Runoff Modeling System PRMS, HBV MODEL University of British Columbia Watershed Model UBC

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Tedesco, M. (2015). Remote Sensing of the Cryosphere, Wiley Blackwell Publisher, ISBN: 978-1-118-36885-5.
2. Arthur Homes (1993). Principles of Physical Geology, Thomas Nelson & Sons Ltd. Edinburgh.
3. P. Singh, Vijay P. Singh (2000). Snow and Glacier Hydrology. Water Science and Technology, Springer.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Douglas I Benn, David, J. A. Evans (2010). Glaciers and Glaciation, Hodder Education.
2. Kurt M. Cuffey and W. S. B. Paterson (2010). The Physics of Glaciers, Fourth Edition.
3. P. McL. D. Duff and Arthur Holmes (1999). Himalayan Glaciers.
4. P. Singh (2001). Snow and Glacier Hydrology, Springer.

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

DEPARTMENT OF REMOTE SENSING, BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	2	1	2	3	
CO2	3	2	3	3	1
CO3	3	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD5, CD6

SEMESTER II: PROGRAMME ELECTIVES
ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE

Course code: RS 524**Course title: DYNAMIC METEOROLOGY****Pre-requisite(s): (i) Elementary knowledge about differential equation
(ii) RS 501 and RS 502****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Course Objectives**

This course aims to provide:

1.	Basic concepts of different frames of reference and evolution of Apparent Forces
2.	Basic Conservation Laws of momentum, thermodynamic energy and continuity equations
3.	Diagnostic and prognostic equations in different coordinate systems
4.	Atmospheric circulation, vorticity and different types of flow

Course Outcomes (CO): On completion of this course, students should be able to have:

CO1	Deep learning of basic dynamical processes
CO2	Understanding of the use of potential vorticity; thinking to diagnose and interpret atmospheric flow and instabilities
CO3	Ability to develop ideas for analytical and (to some extent) numerical solutions to a problem
CO4	Ability to formulate problems in a physical and mathematical framework
CO5	Basic knowledge enhancement on turbulent systems

MODULE 1: - BASIC CONCEPT OF DIFFERENT FORCES ALONG WITH DIFFERENT FRAMES OF REFERENCE

Natural Co-ordinate System, Lagrangian and Eulerian frames of references, Inertial and non inertial frames of reference. Pressure Gradient Force, Viscous Force, Gravitational Force, Frictional Force, Coriolis force, Centripetal and centrifugal force, Stream function, velocity potential

MODULE 2: - BASIC CONSERVATION LAW - I

Conservation of momentum, Vectorial form of the momentum equation, Scale analysis of equation of motion, Introduction to Diagnostic and prognostic equation, Hydrostatic Approximation, Geostrophic Approximation, Geostrophic wind, Rossby number

MODULE 3: - BASIC CONSERVATION LAW - II

Continuity equation in Eulerian and Lagrangian coordinate system. Scale analysis of Continuity equation, Thermodynamic energy equation, Scale analysis of Thermodynamic energy equation, Thermodynamics of the dry and moist air, Adiabatic and Pseudoadiabatic lapse rate, Potential and equivalent potential temperature, different type of stability

MODULE 4: - APPLICATION TO UNDERSTAND THE WEATHER SYSTEM

Momentum, Continuity, Thermodynamic energy equations in isobaric coordinates; Geostrophic Flow, Inertial Flow, Cyclostrophic flow; Gradient wind; Thermal wind; Kinematic Method; Adiabatic Method, Surface pressure and its influence

MODULE 5:- CIRCULATION AND VORTICITY

Trajectory and Streamlines, Differential equation for streamlines, Circulation, vorticity, divergence, Stokes Theorem, Divergence Theorem, Circulation theorems – Kelvin's Theorem and Bjerknes Theorem and applications of Circulation theorems – Sea Breeze and Land Breeze; Solenoidal Vector, split of vorticity and divergence equations into rotational and irrotational terms.

TEXT BOOKS:-

1. An Introduction to Dynamic Meteorology, J.R. Holton, Academic Press.
2. Dynamic Meteorology, Askel Wiin Nelson, WMO Publication.

REFERENCE BOOKS:-

1. Weather Forecasting Vol I and II by S. Pettersen
2. Dynamic Meteorology, A Basic Course By Adrian Gordon, Warwick Grace, Roland Byron-Scott, Peter Schwerdtfeger
3. Dynamic Meteorology by S. Panchev

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

DEPARTMENT OF REMOTE SENSING, BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1		1	2	3	1
CO2	3	1	3	3	2
CO3			3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	1
CO5	3	1	3	3	2

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6

Course code: RS 527**Course title: REMOTE SENSING OF ENVIRONMENT****Pre-requisite(s): (i) Elementary knowledge about geography and environment
(ii) RS 501 and RS 502****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	3	0	0	3

Class schedule per week: 3**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Course Objectives**

This course aims to provide:

1.	Basic understanding of sustainable development and its need in current scenario
2.	Concepts of Ecosystem functions and environmental pollution monitoring
3.	Insights of EIA and EMP

Course Outcomes (CO): On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Explain the need of Sustainable Development in current scenario
CO2	Quantify energy flow in different ecosystems (forest, wetland etc..)
CO3	Monitor environmental pollution impacts from satellite imageries.
CO4	Implement EIA methods and Environmental Management Plan
CO5	Describe global policies on climate change and their implications

MODULE 1: RS & SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT:

Sustainability and Sustainable Development

Ecological and Biological Aspects of Environment: Hydrosphere, Lithosphere, Cryosphere

Biosphere, Spectral Properties of Air, Land (Soil), Vegetation and Water

Remote Sensing for Assessment of Air, Land (Soil) and Water Quality Parameters, Sustainable

Forest Management, Forest Change Detection, Forest Modelling and GIS.

MODULE 2: ECOSYSTEM STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION:

Kinds of Ecosystem, Structure of Ecosystem, Function of Ecosystem, Energy Flow in Ecosystem,

Cycles in Ecosystems, Major Ecosystems, Productivity of Different Ecosystems, Ecosystem

Modelling, Introduction to Landscape Ecology, Theories and Models into the Landscape Ecology,

Scaling Patterns and Processes across Landscapes, Emerging Processes in the Landscape

MODULE 3: POLLUTION MONITORING:

Types of Pollution, Chemistry of Pollutants: Air, Land (Soil) and Water

Acid Rain, Smog, Green House Effect and Global Warming

Eutrophication, Water logging and Salinization.

MODULE 4: ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT:

Selection of Disposal Sites for Industrial and Municipal Wastes, Air, Land, and Water Quality

Management, Solid Waste Management, EIA Methods and Mitigation; Criteria and Indicators;

Certification, Remote Sensing and GIS in EIA and EMP (Environmental Management Plan)

MODULE 5: CLIMATE CHANGE AND POLICIES:

Climate Change, Energy Balance and Climate, Green House Gases and Green House Effect, Carbon Cycle, Past Climate, Climate Models, Future Climate Change, United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC), Kyoto Protocol, Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC).

TEXT BOOKS:-

1. Lillesand, T. M. and Kiefer, R.W., 2007, Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, Wiley and Sons

REFERENCE BOOKS:-

1. Sabins, F.F. Jr., 2007, (2nd) Edition, 'Remote Sensing – Principles and Interpretation', W.H. Freeman & Co.
2. Reeves, Robert G., 1991, 'Manual of Remote Sensing, Vol. I, American Society of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing, Falls Church, USA.
3. Jensen, J.R., 2004, Introductory Digital Image Processing: A Remote Sensing Perspective, Prentice Hall

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
3 Quizzes	30 % (3 × 10%)
Assignment (s)	10
Seminar before a committee	10

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Course Evaluation:

Individual assignment, Quizzes, Mid and End semester examinations

Course Delivery Methods

CD1	Lecture by use of boards/LCD projectors/OHP projectors
CD2	Assignments/Seminars
CD3	Laboratory experiments/teaching aids
CD4	Industrial/guest lectures
CD5	Industrial visits/institutional visits/field visit
CD6	Self- learning such as use of NPTEL materials and internets

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1		1	2	3	1
CO2	3	1	3	3	2
CO3			3	3	2
CO4	3	3	2	3	1
CO5	3	1	3	3	2

**Low = 1, Medium = 2,
High= 3**

MAPPING BETWEEN COURSE OUTCOMES AND COURSE DELIVERY METHOD

Course Outcomes	Course Delivery Method
CO1	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO2	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO3	CD1, CD3, CD6
CO4	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD6
CO5	CD1, CD2, CD3, CD4, CD6

SEMESTER I: LABORATORIES

EARTH RESOURCES / ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE

Course code: RS 503**Course title: REMOTE SENSING & DIGITAL SATELLITE IMAGE PROCESSING LAB**

Credits: **L:** **T:** **P:** **C:**
 0 **0** **4** **2**

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the student learn practical aspects related to:

A.	Usage of diverse remote sensing data for extracting needed geo-spatial information.
B.	Execution of various analogue and digital information extraction techniques, both manually and using computers..

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Interpret Satellite Hard copy FCC images and Survey of India Toposheets.
CO2	Collect Field Spectra for various land cover features.
CO3	Execute various radiometric and spatial enhancement techniques and create land cover map using different clustering techniques using DIP methods.

- Lab 1 Understanding Remote Sensing Data and Visual Interpretation
- Lab 2 Import / Export of Satellite Data, Display, Analysis, and Digital interpretation of earth surface features in Standard FCC
- Lab 3 Radiometric and atmospheric corrections
- Lab 4 Geo-referencing and Geocoding
- Lab 5 Field Spectra Collection: vegetation, bare soil, and concrete using Spectro Radiometer
- Lab 6 Analysis of satellite derived spectral response and field spectra
- Lab 7 Study of the various contrast enhancement techniques
- Lab 8 Spectral Enhancement (Ratio images and PCA) Techniques
- Lab 9 Spatial Enhancement: Low Pass Filtering & High Pass Filtering Techniques
- Lab 10 Multi-Resolution (Fusion) Analysis
- Lab 11 Unsupervised Classification
- Lab 12 Supervised Classification & Accuracy Evaluation
- Lab 13 Advance Classification

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1		3	2	1
CO2	1		3	3	1
CO3	3	2	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 504**Course title: GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS & NAVIGATION SYSTEMS
LABORATORIES****Pre-requisite(s): Basic physics****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to impart practical knowledge related to :

A.	Creation of spatially coherent Geo-database containing vector and raster.
B.	Solving real life spatial problems involving various analytical techniques for both vector and raster data.
C.	Collection of GPS data, execution of processing techniques and integrate with other spatial layers.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Describe various GIS techniques within spatial analytical framework and handle huge spatial and non-spatial database.
CO2	Apply spatial analysis techniques of ArcGIS software to solve environmental and societal problems and challenges.
CO3	Collect GNSS data in different survey modes and post process them to generate output to be integrated in GIS environment.
CO4	Handle integrated geospatial techniques and apply them in solving real world problems.

Lab 1	Basics of Geodatabase, Vector, Raster, Catalogue and Georeferencing
Lab 2	Topology creation and correcting topological errors & Non-topological editing.
Lab 3	Linking spatial with non-spatial data.
Lab 4	Layout generation (designing a map, cartographic elements, thematic mapping).
Lab 5	Vector analysis I (Query, Overlay, Clip, Dissolve and Merge Functions).
Lab 6	Raster analysis I (Arithmetic, Logical and Global functions)
Lab 7	Raster Analysis II (Local, Focal and Zonal functions)
Lab 8	Introduction to GNSS receivers ,initial settings and creating codes and attribute table in GNSS receiver
Lab 9	Understanding different projection, coordinate system and Datums &Standardisation
Lab 10	Point, Line and Polygon Data collection using GNSS for Planimetric Measurements
Lab 11	GNSS Data collection in differential mode positioning

Lab 12 Post processing of the GNSS data and Export functions

Lab 13 GNSS and GIS integrations output preparation

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1		3	3	1
CO2	3	2	3	3	2
CO3	1		3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 513**Course title: AERIAL AND SATELLITE PHOTOGRAMMETRY & IMAGE INTERPRETATION LABORATORIES**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the student learn practical skills related to :

A.	Interpretation and Measurement of 2D and 3D information about various features using Aerial photos, Satellite and UAV data.
B.	Utilisation of various analogue and digital photogrammetry based extraction techniques, both manually and using computers.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Use Pocket Stereoscope and make planimetric measurements from Aerial Photos.
CO2	Interpret Satellite Images and Aerial photos visually and with stereoscope for delineating various landforms and landcover features.
CO3	Use photogrammetric techniques and tools under Digital Environment so as to create digital surface models, and extract point, line and polygon features and their position, height, area and volume using Aerial, Satellite and UAV data.

Lab 1-2 Satellite Image Interpretation of various Terrestrial Features.

Lab 3 Use of Pocket & Mirror Stereoscope, parallax bar and measurement of distance and height

Lab 4-5 Stereoscopic vision and photo interpretation of B/W & Colour aerial photograph

Lab 6 Differential parallax measurement and contouring by parallax bar method

Lab 7 Digital Stereoscopic Model - Non-Oriented Approach

Lab 8 Digital Stereoscopic Model - Interior & Exterior Orientation

Lab 9 Digital Stereoscopic Model - 3D based Planimetric Measurements

Lab 10 Digital Ortho-Rectification - Relief Displacement Correction

Lab 11 Point, Line & Polygon Feature Extraction using Stereopair from High Spatial Resolution
Aerial & satellite images

Lab 12-13 UAV based Data acquisition and Modelling.

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1		2	2	1
CO2	1	1	3	2	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	2

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN AGRICULTURE AND FORESTRY LABORATORY**Pre-requisite(s): Basic physics****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits: **L:** **T:** **P:** **C:**
 0 **0** **4** **2**

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the student:

A.	Utilise diverse remote sensind data for extracting vegetation related spatial information.
B.	Execute appropriate digital image processing and modelling techniques for diverse agriculture and forestry applications.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Visually and Digitally differentiate various agriculture and forestry features from satellite data.
CO2	Use various remote sensing and GIS tools for extracting land cover, land capability, degradation, waterlogging, and model acreage, lifezones and fire risk.
CO3	Execute spatial models related to landscape metrics, biodiversity, wild life habitat suitability , and environmental problems.

- Lab 1 Visual Interpretation of different types of forests and crops.
- Lab 2 On-Screen Land Degradation Mapping
- Lab 3 Digital classification of Agriculture and Foresty Types
- Lab 4 Detection of Plant Stress, Change Detection and Salt Affected Areas.
- Lab 5 Desertification, Waterlogging and Flood Damage Assessment using RS & GIS.
- Lab 6 Land Cover Mapping using multi-temporal RS data.
- Lab 7 Acreage and Land Capability Modelling using RS & GIS.
- Lab 8 Climatic, Altitudinal and Topographic relation with Life Zones and its Modelling.
- Lab 9 Landscape Metrics Modelling.
- Lab 10 Anthropogenic Disturbance Modelling using RS & GIS
- Lab 11 Biodiversity Modelling using RS & GIS
- Lab 12 Wildlife Habitat Modelling using RS& GIS
- Lab 13 Forest Fire Risk Modelling using RS & GIS

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	1	3	2	1
CO2	2	2	3	3	3
CO3	3	2	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 510**Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN HYDROLOGY AND WATER RESOURCES
LABORATORY****Pre-requisite(s): Basic physics****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the student:

A.	Map Hydrology related information using ground observation as well as satellite data.
B.	Model rainfall, ground water and snow related parameters.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Map Rainfall from various data sources.
CO2	Delineate and characterise watershed by computing morphometric parameters.
CO3	Assess groundwater potential and water quality.
CO4	Model Snow melt run off, flood and soil erosion.

Lab 1 Downloading of Satellite Rainfall data (TRMM) and Generating Spatial Rainfall Map.

Lab 2 Downloading of Rainfall point data and generating spatial rainfall map using interpolation techniques.

Lab 3 Delineation of watershed map using DEM and topographic maps.

Lab 4 Calculation of various morphometric parameters and characterise watershed.

Lab 5 Mapping of various land forms with the help of satellite data.

Lab 6 Interpretation of Lineaments and analysis.

Lab 7&8 Mapping of Hydrogeomorphology and Ground water prospects.

Lab 9 Estimation of Water quality and Reservoir sedimentation.

Lab 10 Estimation of USLE parameters for soil erosion modelling.

Lab 11 Conducting Geo-electric Resistivity for ground water exploration.

Lab 12 Mapping of Snow and Glaciers using digital techniques.

Lab 13 Interpreting flood plains and mapping flood hazard zones using RS & GIS.

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1		2	2	1
CO2	2	1	2	2	1
CO3	2	2	3	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 519**Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN CLIMATE CHANGE AND ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT LABORATORY****Pre-requisite(s): Basic physics****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the student with following abilities:

A.	To create report and maps about various environmental features and parameters using satellite data and based on hard copy maps/reports provided by national/global mapping agencies.
B.	To carry out various digital image processing techniques and models to quantify continuously changing environmental features.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Visually and Digitally differentiate various environmental conditions including vegetated features and Glaciers from satellite data.
CO2	Use time-series remote sensing data and GIS tools to quantify drought condition/impact, vegetation growth rhythm, Glacier changes and environmental impact.
CO3	Gather and infer knowledge from various published reports and policies and link with local to regional problems and understand need for appropriate tools and models.

Lab 1 Visual Interpretation of different types of forests and crops

Lab 2 Shoreline change mapping of Waterbodies

Lab 3 Biomass and Carbon Accounting using RS & GIS

Lab 4 To identify El-Nino and La-Nina years using ONI and SST/Temperature anomaly

Lab 5& 6 Drought Condition Assessment using RS based indices and meteorological data

Lab 7 & 8 Exploring Climatic Research Unit (CRU) data set and its utilization of climate change related studies

Lab 9 Evaluation of atmospheric dynamics using virtual ballooning

Lab 10 TRMM based Rainfall Mapping and relating with Ground Meteorological Data

Lab 11 Glacier Condition and Change Assessment using Temporal RS data

Lab 12 Vegetation Phenology using Time-Series RS data

Lab 13 Explore scenarios for future climate using the simple online climate model

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	1	2	2	1
CO2	3	3	3	3	3
CO3	2	3	2	2	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

SEMESTER II: LABORATORIES

EARTH RESOURCES

Course code: RS 514

**Course title: ADVANCED REMOTE SENSING AND GEOSPATIAL MODELLING
LABORATORY**

Pre-requisite(s): Basic physics

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: L: T: P: C:
 0 0 4 2

Class schedule per week: 4

Class: M. TECH

Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)

Branch: REMOTE SENSING

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course aims to make the student with the ability to :

A.	Handle advanced sensor data and extract information using diverse software environment.
B.	Execute various spatial techniques and models to quantify and solve real-life spatial patterns and problems.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Download, Import, use and understand diverse spatial and satellite data.
CO2	Understand and use various remote sensing and GIS softwares, tools and models for information extraction in Stand-alone and Web environment.
CO3	Create a workflow and practically execute models for understanding spatial patterns, processes and solve real-life spatial problems.

Lab 1	Handling Thermal and Microwave Data
Lab 2	Modelling Urban Heat Island using Thermal data
Lab 3	SAR data processing and applications
Lab 4	Hyperspectral data processing
Lab 5	Spectral Mixture Analysis, Feature Extraction and Classification using Hyperspectral data
Lab 6	LIDAR data Processing
Lab 7	Surface Interpolation using Krigingtechnique
Lab 8	Spatial Pattern Analysis using GIS
Lab 9	Understanding Two-point and Multi-point Statistics
Lab 10	Modelling Resolution Uncertainty and Error in the Spatial Data
Lab 11	Spatial Regression and Geographically Weighted Regression
Lab 12	Smoothing and information extraction using Time Series Data
Lab 13	WebGIS related services, programming and Scripting

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	2	3	3	1
CO2	2	3	3	3	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 515R1**Course title: PROGRAMMING AND CUSTOMISATION IN GEOSPATIAL DOMAIN
LABORATORY****Pre-requisite(s): Computer skills****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05(Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives:**

This course aims to impart following practical knowledge to students:

A.	Practically carry out programming concepts learned in theory class.
B.	Write simple to advanced programming in different languages.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Understand and Use C Compiler programming Environment
CO2	Understand and appropriately Utilise various libraries, Function and Syntaxes in R and Python
CO3	Write a simple to complicated Programming Codes in MATLAB & Google Earth Engine.

Lab 1. Programming in C: environment, variables, operators & controls

Lab 2. Programming using Functions, Decision making & Arrays in C

Lab 3. Programming Environment and Libraries in R

Lab 4. Programming for Reading, Writing from/to file, and Plotting

Lab 5. Programming for Handling & Processing Images in R

Lab 6, 7, 8 Programming in Python

Lab 9, 10 Programming in MATLAB

Lab 11,12, 13 Programming in Google Earth Engine

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	1	2	2	
CO2	2	2	3	3	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 518**Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN SNOW AND GLACIER HYDROLOGY LABORATORY****Pre-requisite(s): Basic physics****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02 /05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to impart practical knowledge about:

A.	Mapping of Snow and associated parameters using satellite data
B.	Execution skills for various analogue and digital image processing techniques to map and model various processes associated with snow and glaciers.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Visually and Digitally differentiate various snow covered areas and Glacier landforms from satellite data.
CO2	Use optical remote sensing data and GIS tools to quantify glacial mass balance, snow water equivalent and snow indices.
CO3	Use Radar remote sensing data to quantify snow and glacier conditions.

Lab 1 Visual Interpretation of snow and glacier on optical satellite data.

Lab 2-3 On-Screen glacial landform mapping

Lab 4-5 Glacier area extraction and computation -Accumulation and Ablation using RS data

Lab 6-7 Computing glacier mass balance using Area Accumulation Ratio method.

Lab 8 Snow cover area and glacier mapping using SAR data.

Lab 9 Snow water equivalent estimation using delta - K technique.

Lab 10 Generation of Snow Indices for delineating snow cover.

Lab 11-12 SAR data processing and generation of snow backscatter image

Lab 13 Wet SCA estimation using SAR data.

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	2	1	2	2	2
CO2	2	2	3	3	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	2

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 509**Course title: REMOTE SENSING IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT LABORATORY****Pre-requisite(s): Basic physics****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Monsoon)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the student:

A.	Utilise diverse remote sensing data for extracting spatial information associated with Disasters.
B.	Execute various information extraction and modelling techniques to assess vulnerability and risk associated with different disasters.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Take help from Bhuvan Disaster services and other online web portal for data collection related to disasters and causing factors of disaster.
CO2	Prepare map of different natural and man-made disaster prone areas.
CO3	Apply integrated geospatial techniques in disaster management and disaster risk reduction.

Lab 1-2	Explore Bhuvan & Google Earth etc. in general, and specifically for Disaster services and analyse the situation in your state
Lab 3	Mapping flood inundated area using satellite data
Lab 4	Download MODIS Fire data and TRMM rainfall data, and analyse.
Lab 5	Download MODIS Snow related data and analyse.
Lab 6	Identify the drought prone region using vegetation indices derived from satellite data
Lab 7	Identify and map landslides from satellite images and compare the same with high resolution Google-earth image
Lab 8	Delineate forest fire regions in the given study area with the help of MODIS LST product for a particular date and compare your result with Bhuvan site
Lab 9	Mapping lightning incidence location
Lab 10	Water sample collection from different location and its analysis for assessing different water quality parameters and comparison with the BIS standards
Lab 11	Download Air quality data from CPCB website for your city and find out the trend of different air quality parameters for last few years
Lab 12	Compare the Air quality parameters for metro cities (Before Diwali and after Diwali)
Lab 13	Modelling Hazard Zonation (flood/earthquake/landslide).

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1		3	2	
CO2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 525

Course title: METEOROLOGICAL LABORATORY

Pre-requisite(s): Basic Science

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: L: T: P: C:
 0 0 4 2

Class schedule per week: 4

Class: M. TECH

Semester / Level: 01/05 (Monsoon)

Branch: REMOTE SENSING

Name of Teacher:

Course Objectives

This course aims to make the student:

A.	Familiarize with atmospheric data variables and their variability
B.	Enriching knowledge in atmospheric data and its relationships
C.	Knowledge on the methods of analysis of atmospheric/climate data

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Generate the interest on atmospheric data methods
CO2	Provide basic analytical techniques for atmospheric data
CO3	Prepare the students with necessary atmospheric background
CO4	Enhance the basic knowledge of meteorological information from satellites
CO5	Enhancing the skills on statistical data analysis

Lab 1 and 2:- Clouds classification and Observations: Students would be shown slides of all 10 major types of clouds and by end of the Lab training it is expected from students to be able to identify real weather clouds.

Lab 3:- Plot and analysis of the variation of vertical temperature by Radiosonde data from

<https://weather.uwyo.edu/upperair/sounding.html> or any other data source.

Lab 4:- To determine the vertical lapse rate of the standard atmosphere

Lab 5:- Principle and working of the sun photometer

Lab 6:- Estimation and analysis of Sea surface temperature with satellite data in different latitudes.

Lab 7 and Lab 9:- Statistical analysis for one month data of atmospheric parameters (Temperature, Relative humidity)

Lab 9 and 10:- Plot the back trajectory and forward trajectory for different height/pressure level from

<https://www.ready.noaa.gov/HYSPLIT.php> or any other online sources

Lab 11:- Estimation and analysis of Outgoing longwave radiation with satellite data for different atmospheric condition

Lab 12 and 13 :- Climatic classification of koppen and the difference with thornthwaite

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1		3	2	
CO2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 515R1**Course title: PROGRAMMING AND CUSTOMISATION IN GEOSPATIAL DOMAIN
LABORATORY****Pre-requisite(s): Computer skills****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05(Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives:**

This course aims to impart following practical knowledge to students:

A.	Practically carry out programming concepts learned in theory class.
B.	Write simple to advanced programming in different languages.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Understand and Use C Compiler programming Environment
CO2	Understand and appropriately Utilise various libraries, Fuction and Syntaxes in R and Pyhton
CO3	Write a simple to complicated Programming Codes in MATLAB & Google Earth Engine.

Lab 1. Programming in C: environment, variables, operators &controls

Lab 2. Programming using Functions, Decision making & Arrays in C

Lab 3. Programming Environment and Libraries in R

Lab 4. Programming for Reading, Writing from/to file, and Plotting

Lab 5. Programming for Handling & Processing Images in R

Lab 6, 7, 8 Programming in Python

Lab 9, 10 Programming in MATLAB

Lab 11,12, 13 Programming in Google Earth Engine

**COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION
PROCEDURE**

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	1	2	2	
CO2	2	2	3	3	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 526**Course title: NUMERICAL MODELLING LAB****Pre-requisite(s): Knowledge of differential equation****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives**

This course aims to make the student:

A.	Familiarize with atmospheric data variables and their variability
B.	Enriching knowledge in atmospheric data and its relationships
C.	Knowledge on the methods of analysis of atmospheric/climate data

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Generate the interest on atmospheric data methods
CO2	Provide basic analytical techniques for atmospheric data
CO3	Prepare the students with necessary atmospheric background
CO4	Enhance the basic knowledge of meteorological information from satellites
CO5	Enhancing the skills on statistical data analysis

Lab 1 Demonstration and detailed instructions of High-Performance Computing (HPC) Facility and its use in Atmospheric Science.

Lab 2 Simulation of Weather/climate data.

Lab 3 Field observation of meteorological parameters.

Lab 4 Visualization and Display of Atmospheric Data: Grid Analysis and Display System(GrADS)

a) Introduction of Grid Analysis and Display System

b) Reading writing control files for data display

c) Data display, reading and plotting of binary and netcdf data from model output.

d) OpenGrADS

Lab 5 To read and write data in the different format like NetCDF, HDF files using Matlab/Python

Lab 5 Plot horizontal velocity (U and V)

Lab 6 Calculate divergence

Lab 7 Calculate Vorticity

Lab 8 Plot temperature and overlay horizontal velocity (U and V)

Lab 9 Visualization using NCAR Command Language(NCL)

Lab 10 Masking NetCDF data and drawing plot by shapefile in NCL

Lab 11 Wind Rose Analysis of given data using WRPLOT view

Lab 12 and Lab 13:- Visualize two extreme seasons(winter and summer) from

<https://www.windy.com/> or any other site and analyze

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE

Direct Assessment

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1		3	2	
CO2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	3	2	3	3	3

Low = 1,

Medium = 2, High= 3

Course code: RS 528**Course title: REMOTE SENSING OF ENVIRONMENT LABORATORY****Pre-requisite(s): Basic geography and environment****Co- requisite(s):**

Credits:	L:	T:	P:	C:
	0	0	4	2

Class schedule per week: 4**Class: M. TECH****Semester / Level: 02/05 (Spring)****Branch: REMOTE SENSING****Name of Teacher:****Course Objectives:**

This course aims to impart following practical knowledge to students:

A.	Utilise Hand held Spectroradiometer for extracting spectral information associated with soil, vegetation and water
B.	Execute various information extraction approach for monitoring of environmental pollution

Course Outcomes:

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Take In-situ measurement of spectral response of different earth surface feature with Handheld Spectroradiometer
CO2	Measure Aerosol using Sun Photometer and its comparison with satellite derived AOD
CO3	Apply integrated geospatial approach for EIA

Lab 1- Generating spectra of different soil types using Hand held Spectroradiometer and analyze with satellite data

Lab 2 - Generating spectra of different water body conditions using Hand held Spectroradiometer and analyze with satellite data

Lab 3 Generating spectra of different vegetation types using Hand held Spectroradiometer and analyze with satellite data

Lab 4 Analysis of satellite derived AOD

Lab 5 Measurement of AOD using Sun Photometer

Lab 6 Calculation of AQI using CPCB data

Lab 7 Generating Landscape indices using satellite data

Lab 8 Delineation of seasonal and permanent waterlogged areas and soil salinity

Lab 9 Generating UHI zonation map using satellite data

Lab 10 Derivation of terrain attributes for selection of Disposal Sites for Municipal Wastes

Lab 11 Mapping of point pollution sources using satellite data

Lab 12 Land Degradation assessment using satellite data

Lab 13 Environmental assessment for siting of any infrastructural project

COURSE OUTCOME (CO) ATTAINMENT ASSESSMENT TOOLS & EVALUATION PROCEDURE**Direct Assessment**

Assessment Tool	% Contribution during CO Assessment
Continuous Internal Assessment	50
Semester End Examination	50

Continuous Internal Assessment	% Distribution
2 Quizzes	20 % (2 × 10%)
Day to Day Performance & Lab File	30%
Viva	20%
Final Exam	30%

Indirect Assessment –

1. Student Feedback on Faculty
2. Student Feedback on Course Outcome

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	1	2	2	
CO2	2	2	3	3	1
CO3	3	3	3	3	1

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3

SEMESTER III – IV: EARTH RESOURCES / ENVIRONMENT & CLIMATE

Course code: RS 601 & RS 604

Course title: RESEARCH PROJECT (Thesis Part I and II)

Pre-requisite(s): All the courses of semester I and semester II

Co- requisite(s):

Credits: L: T: P: C: 8 (Part I) + 16 (Part II)

Class schedule per week: 4

Class: M. TECH

Semester / Level: 03&04/06

Branch: REMOTE SENSING

Course Objectives

This course aims to make the student with following abilities:

A.	Carry out Independent Research Project addressing real life geospatial problems with sound scientific framework.
B.	Prepare thematic and topographic maps from satellite data and other sources, and Utilise various Geospatial processing and modelling techniques and Create research report with acceptable quality and ethics, and communicate results to stakeholders.

Course Outcomes (CO):

On completion of this course, students should be able to:

CO1	Identify, Collect, Compare, evaluate and summarise relevant existing literatures related to the problem in hand.
CO2	Identify Research Gaps, Develop appropriate research questions and Objectives in relation to their domain of research.
CO3	Design Research Strategy and Methodology and Create coherent geospatial database and other relevant data for each objective.
CO4	Apply Geospatial, Geostatistical, Statistical tools and techniques, and evaluate the appropriateness of results in relation to objectives and research questions.
CO5	Integrate, interpret and synthesis all results and write a scientifically sound academic report with appropriate referencing, and communicate research findings to stakeholders and in peer reviewed journal/conferences.

Mapping Course Outcome with Programme Outcome

3	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5
CO1	1	2	2	3	3
CO2	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	3	2	2	3	3
CO4	3	3	3	2	1
CO5	3	3	3	3	3

Low = 1, Medium = 2, High= 3