

# MA106-Ordinary Differential Equations

SP Semester 2020

## Module-I

1. Find the differential equation of the family of curves  $y = e^{mx}$ , where  $m$  is an arbitrary constant.  
Ans:  $y' = y \log_e y$ .
2. Obtain the differential equation satisfied by the family of circles  $x^2 + y^2 = a^2$ , where  $a$  is an arbitrary constant.  
Ans:  $x + yy' = 0$ .
3. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x+y} + x^2 e^y$ .  
Ans:  $-e^{-y} = e^x + x^3/3 + c$ .
4. Solve  $3e^x \tan y dx + (1 - e^x) \sec^2 y dy = 0$ .  
Ans:  $-3 \log(1 - e^x) + \log(\tan y) = \log c$ .
5. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \sec(x + y)$   
Ans:  $y - \tan \frac{1}{2}(x + y) = c$ .
6. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y}{x} + \tan\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ .  
Ans:  $cx = \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ .
7. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x+y+4)}{(x-y-6)}$   
Ans:  $(x - 1)^2 + (y + 5)^2 = ce^{2 \tan^{-1}((y+5)/(x-1))}$ .
8. Solve  $x \cos x \frac{dy}{dx} + y(x \sin x + \cos x) = 1$ ,  $0 < x < \pi/2$   
Ans:  $\tan x + c$ .
9. Solve  $(1 + x^2) \frac{dy}{dx} = x(1 - y)$   
Ans:  $y = 1 + c(1 + x^2)^{-1/2}$ .
10. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} \cos y + 2x \sin y = x$   
Ans:  $y = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2} + ce^{-x^2}\right)$ .
11. Solve  $\frac{dy}{dx} + x \sin 2y = x^3 \cos^2 y$   
Ans:  $ve^{x^2} = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 1)e^{x^2} + c$ .
12. Solve  $x \frac{dy}{dx} + y = y^2 \ln x$   
Ans:  $y^{-1} = 1 + \ln x + cx$ .
13. Solve  $y' + 4xy + xy^3 = 0$   
Ans:  $y = \left(-\frac{1}{4} + ce^{4x^2}\right)^{-1/2}$ .