

DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS  
BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY MESRA, RANCHI  
MA107 Mathematics-II, Session: (SP-20)  
**Tutorial - 1 (Module I)**

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1.
  - a) Show that the Wronskian of  $e^{ax} \cos(bx)$  and  $e^{ax} \sin(bx)$  ( $b \neq 0$ ) is  $b^2 e^{2ax}$ .
  - b) Prove that the Wronskian of functions  $e^{m_1 x}, e^{m_2 x}, e^{m_3 x}$  is equal to  $(m_1 - m_2)(m_2 - m_3)(m_3 - m_1)e^{(m_1+m_2+m_3)x}$ .
  - c) Show that  $y_1(x) = \sin x$  and  $y_2(x) = \sin x - \cos x$  are linearly independent solutions of  $y'' + y = 0$ .
  - d) Show that the Wronskian of function  $x^2, x^2 \log(x)$  is non-zero. can these functions be independent solution of an ordinary differential equation; if so determine this equation.
  - e) Evaluate the Wronskian of the functions  $e^x, xe^x$ . Hence conclude whether or not they are linearly independent. If they are independent, set the differential equation having them as its independent solution.
  - f) check whether  $e^x, xe^x, \sinh(x)$  are linearly independent or dependent.

2. Solve the following differential equations:

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| a) $y'' + 3y' - 10y = 0$ .                   | b) $y''' - 9y'' + 23y' - 15y = 0$ .              |
| c) $y^{(iv)} + 8y'' + 16y = 0$ .             | d) $y'' + 3y' + 4y = x^2 - 2x$ .                 |
| e) $y'' - 3y' + 2y = e^{3x}$ .               | f) $y'' - 4y' + 4y = e^{2x} + x^3 + \cos 2x$ .   |
| g) $y''' - 12y' + 16y = (e^x + e^{-2x})^2$ . | h) $y''' - 5y'' + 7y' - 3y = e^{2x} \cosh(2x)$ . |
| i) $y'' - 4y' + 4y = 8x^2 e^{2x} \sin 2x$ .  | j) $y'' - (a+b)y' + aby = e^{ax} + e^{bx}$       |
| k) $y'' + 9y = \sec 3x$                      | l) $y'' + a^2y = \tan ax$                        |
| m) $y^{iv} + 3y'' - 4y = \cos^2 x - \cosh x$ |  |

3. Solve the following Cauchy-Euler equations:

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| a) $y'' + \frac{1}{x}y' = \frac{12 \log x}{x^2}$ . | b) $x^2y'' - 4xy' + 6y = \frac{42}{x^4}$ . |
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4. Solve the following Legendre's linear equations:

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| a) $(3x+2)^2y'' + 3(3x+2)y' - 36y = 3x^2 + 4x + 1$ . | b) $(1+x)^2y'' + (1+x)y' + y = 2 \sin(\log(1+x))$ . |
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5. Solve by the method of variation of parameters

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|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| a) $y'' + y = x$ .        | b) $xy' - y = (x-1)(y'' - x + 1)$ . |
| c) $y'' + 9y = \sec 3x$ . | d) $y'' - y = \frac{2}{1+e^x}$ .    |